

(2) In appointing a headman, the Deputy Commissioner shall have regard, so far as circumstances admit, to any established custom which may exist respecting the right of nomination or succession or otherwise and to claims based thereon.

(3) A headman holding office in any village or group of villages at the commencement of this Regulation under the name of Myothugyi, Shwehmu, Thugyi, Tamon or other name shall be deemed to have been appointed under this section.

(4) When in any village or group of villages there are two or more headmen one of whom by custom exercises authority over the other or others, the Deputy Commissioner shall decide which of them shall be the headman for the purposes of this Regulation, and with the previous sanction of the Commissioner may make rules to define and regulate their relations to each other.

X of 1882. Substitution of new section for section 45 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

4. For section 45 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"45. A headman appointed under the Upper Burma Village Regulation, 1887, shall forthwith communicate to the nearest Magistrate, or to the officer in charge of the nearest police-station or military post, whichever is the nearer, any information which he may obtain respecting—

- (a) the permanent or temporary residence of any notorious receiver or vendor of stolen property in his village;
- (b) the resort to any place within, or the passage through, his village of any person whom he knows, or reasonably suspects, to be a dacoit, robber, escaped convict or proclaimed offender;
- (c) the commission of, or attempt or intention to commit, within his village any of the following offences, namely:
 - (i) murder,
 - (ii) culpable homicide not amounting to murder,
 - (iii) dacoity,
 - (iv) robbery,
 - (v) offence against the Indian Arms Act, 1878, and
 - (vi) any other offence respecting which the Deputy Commissioner by general or special order made with the previous sanction of the Commissioner directs him to communicate information;
- (d) the occurrence in his village of any sudden or unnatural death or of any death under suspicious circumstances.

"EXPLANATION.—In this section 'village' has the meaning assigned to that word in the Upper Burma Village Regulation, 1887."

Duties of headman. 5. The headman* of a village shall be bound—

- (a) to investigate every offence respecting which he is required by section 45 of

the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, X of 1882, to communicate information;

- (b) to search for and arrest any person whom he has reason to believe to have been concerned in the commission or attempted commission of any such offence, and to recover, if possible, any property taken by any such person;
- (c) to arrest any person found lurking within the limits of the village who cannot give a satisfactory account of himself;
- (d) to forward as soon as may be to the nearest police-station or military post any person arrested by him or made over to his custody, together with any weapon or other article likely to be useful as evidence;
- (e) to resist any unlawful attack made upon the village;
- (f) to take such measures and execute such works for the protection of the village and for keeping open the communications between it and adjacent posts as the Deputy Commissioner may direct;
- (g) on the written order of the Deputy Commissioner or other Magistrate not below the rank of Myook, to collect and furnish on payment supplies of food or carriage for troops or police posted in or near or marching through the village;
- (h) on the requisition of any Magistrate not below the rank of Myook, to furnish labourers for the making or repair of roads, embankments or other public works;
- (i) to collect or aid in collecting revenue and other money due to the Government from residents of the village or persons holding land therein;
- (j) to allot unoccupied land within the village for cultivation or house-building up to such limit and on such conditions as the Deputy Commissioner may direct;
- (k) if so ordered, and in accordance with such rules, as may be made in this behalf by the Commissioner, with the sanction of the Local Government, to register all births and deaths which take place within the village, and any other vital statistics which may be prescribed by such rules;
- (l) to take such measures for the prevention of public nuisances and for the general sanitation of the village as may be prescribed in any rules made in this behalf by the Commissioner, with the sanction of the Local Government;
- (m) to supply to the best of his ability any local information which any Magistrate or officer of police may require; and
- (n) generally, to assist all officers of the Government in the execution of their public duties.

6. (1) If any of the offences mentioned in the next following sub-section is committed in a village, the headman of the village may, on complaint made to him within eight days from the date of the commission of the

[Bom. Act VIII, 1867, ss. 14-18.]

Disposal of petty criminal cases by headman.

offence, take cognizance of it and try any person accused thereof.

(2) The offences referred to in sub-section (1) are the following, namely:—

- (a) assault,
- (b) theft when the value of the property stolen does not exceed five rupees,
- (c) mischief when the mischief causes damage to an amount not exceeding five rupees,
- (d) criminal trespass, and
- (e) any other offence which the Local Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, declare to be triable by headmen under sub-section (1).

(3) If the accused is convicted, he may be sentenced to fine not exceeding five rupees, or, if the offence was theft or mischief, twice the value of the property stolen or twice the amount of the damage caused, as the case may be, or to imprisonment in such place as the Deputy Commissioner may appoint in this behalf for a term not exceeding twenty-four hours, or to both.

(4) A headman specially empowered by the Local Government in this behalf may, on complaint, try any person accused of theft or mischief when the value of the property stolen or the amount of the damage caused does not exceed fifty rupees, and may, in any case triable by him, sentence the accused, on conviction, to fine not exceeding fifty rupees, or to imprisonment in any place appointed as aforesaid for a term not exceeding fifteen days, or to both.

(5) Proceedings under this section shall be held in the presence of the complainant and accused.

(6) The offence out of which the proceedings have arisen may be compounded at any time before the headman pronounces his decision.

(7) The proceedings need not be reduced to writing, but such record shall be kept of the cases decided as the Deputy Commissioner directs.

(8) Any fine imposed for an offence referred to in this section may be awarded as compensation to any person injured by the offence.

(9) A fee of one rupee may be levied on a complaint under sub-section (1), and of two rupees on a complaint under sub-section (4).

(10) No other fee shall be leviable in any case under this section.

(11) If the accused is convicted, the amount of any fee paid in respect of the complaint shall be recovered from him and repaid to the complainant.

7. If a headman neglects to perform any of the duties imposed upon him by this Regulation, or abuses any of the powers conferred upon him thereby, he shall be liable, by order of the Deputy Commissioner, to pay a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, or to be suspended from office for a period not exceeding six months, or to be dismissed from office.

8. (1) Every person residing in a village shall, on the requisition of the headman, be bound to assist him in the execution of his public duties.

(2) If any such person refuses or neglects to comply with the requisition of the headman, he shall, in the absence of reasonable excuse, the burden of proving which shall lie upon him, be liable, by order of the headman, to fine not exceeding five rupees, or to imprisonment in such place as the Deputy Commissioner may appoint in this behalf for a term not exceeding twenty-four hours, or to both, or, on conviction by a Magistrate, to fine not exceeding fifty rupees, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one month, or to both.

9. (1) The Deputy Commissioner may, with the sanction of the Commissioner, impose fines on all or any residents of a village if after enquiry he has found—

- (a) that they have colluded with or harboured or failed to take all reasonable means to prevent the escape of any criminal;
- (b) that they have suppressed or combined to suppress evidence in any criminal case;
- (c) that, stolen property having been tracked to their village, they have failed or neglected to restore the property or to take on the track beyond the limits of their village.

(2) In either of the following cases, namely—

- (a) when a fine is imposed on the ground stated in clause (a) or in clause (b) of sub-section (1), and the offence of which the criminal is accused or to which the criminal case relates, is mischief by fire, dacoity, robbery or cattle-theft, or
- (b) when a fine is imposed on the ground stated in clause (c) of sub-section (1),

a sum not exceeding the amount of the damage caused or the value of the property stolen may be given out of the fine as compensation to the owner of the damaged or stolen property.

10. When within any village a person is dangerously or fatally wounded by unlawful attack, or the body is found of a person believed to have been unlawfully killed, the residents of the village shall be deemed to have committed an offence under the last foregoing section unless they can show that they—

- (a) had not an opportunity of preventing the offence or arresting the offender, or
- (b) have used all reasonable means to bring the offender to justice.

11. (1) If any person comes into a village of which he is not a resident, he or the person (if any) in whose house he is living shall, within twelve hours of his coming to the village, report to the headman his arrival, his name and occupation, and the name of the place where he last resided.

(2) The departure from a village of a person whose arrival has been reported under sub-section (1) shall also be reported by the person, if any, in whose house he has been living.

12. A person who is not a resident of a village shall not build any house, hut or enclosure, or take up his residence in the village without the permission of the headman.

[Reg. IV, 1887, s. 24.]

[Reg. IV, 1887, s. 25.]

Reg. IV,
87, s. 35.]

13. (1) When the Deputy Commissioner has reason to believe, on the report of a headman or otherwise, that a person residing in any place is in the habit of harbouring, aiding or abetting dacoits, robbers or cattle-thieves, or has taken up his residence in that place for the purpose of such harbouring, aiding or abetting, he may require that person to leave that place and to reside in such other place as the Deputy Commissioner may direct.

Reg. IV,
87, s. 36.]

14. (1) If a person contravenes the provisions of section 11 or section 12, he shall be punished on conviction by a Magistrate with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, or with imprisonment for a term which may extend to fifteen days, or with both.

(2) If a person disobeys a requisition under section 13, he shall be punished on conviction by a Magistrate with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with both.

Reg. IV,
87, s. 26.]

15. (1) A fine imposed under this Regulation may be recovered as if it were an arrear of revenue.

Reg. IV,
87, s. 27.]

(2) A fine imposed under section 9 may, with the previous sanction of the Local Government, be commuted into an annual addition to the capitation-tax payable by the residents of the village or to the land-revenue payable in respect of the village-lands, or, in the case of revenue-free lands, to an annual assessment at such rates and for such term of years as the Local Government may direct.

16. (1) An appeal shall not lie from any order made under this Regulation.

Finality of orders.

(2) But the Deputy Commissioner may revise any such order made by any officer subordinate to him, and the Commissioner may revise any such order made by the Deputy Commissioner.

(3) Save as provided by this section, an order made under this Regulation shall be final and shall not be liable to be contested by suit or otherwise.

17. (1) The Local Government may, subject to the control of the Governor General in Council, make rules consistent with this Regulation for the disposal of fees levied under section 6, subsection (9), and generally for carrying into effect the purposes of this Regulation.

(2) All such rules shall be published in the official gazette and shall thereupon have the force of law. [Cf. Act II of 1880, s. 24.]

18. This Regulation shall take effect notwithstanding anything in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, or in any other enactment for the time being in force.

X of 1882,
[e.g., Act
VII, 1870.]

19. Where in any enactment or notification passed or published before the commencement of this Regulation the word "Myothugyi" or the word "Thugyi" occurs, it shall be held to include any person, however designated, who in any part of the territories to which this Regulation extends occupies a position similar to that which is held by a Myothugyi or Thugyi, as the case may be, in other parts of those territories.

[e.g., Act
XX, 1886,
s. 7 (1) (b);
Reg. VII,
1886, Sched.
XII, and No-
tification
Dept. Fin.
and Com. No.
4321, dated
25th Novem-
ber, 1886.]

J. M. MACPHERSON,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.—ESTABLISHMENTS.

Simla, the 24th October, 1887.

No. 185.—The services of Lieutenant G. V. Burrows, 14th Madras Infantry, Assistant Commissioner, Burma, on probation, and temporarily

District Superintendent of Police, 4th Grade, in that Province, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department.

The 28th October, 1887.

No. 190.—Mr. H. R. H. Cox, Bengal Civil Service, is appointed an Assistant Commissioner of the 4th Grade in Burma.

EXAMINATIONS.

The 28th October, 1887.

No. 50.—The following Regulations respecting the examination of Candidates for the Civil Service of India, to be held in June 1888, are published for general information :—

EXAMINATIONS FOR THE CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA.

Regulations for the Open Competition of June, 1888.

N.B.—The Regulations are liable to be altered in future years.

1. On the 1st June, 1888, and following days, an Examination open to all qualified persons, will be held in London (a). Not fewer than persons will be selected, if so many shall be found duly qualified; viz., for the Lower Provinces of Bengal (including Assam); for the Upper Provinces of Bengal (including the Punjab and Oudh); for Burma; for Madras, and for Bombay (b).

2. No person will be deemed qualified who shall not satisfy the Civil Service Commissioners :—

- (i) That he is a natural-born subject of Her Majesty.
- (ii) That his age will be above seventeen years and under nineteen years, on the 1st January 1888. [*N.B.—In the case of Natives of India this must be certified by the Government of India, or of the Presidency or Province in which the Candidate may have resided.*]
- (iii) That he has no disease, constitutional affection, or bodily infirmity unfitting him, or likely to unfit him, for the Civil Service of India.
- (iv) That he is of good moral character.

3. Should the evidence upon the above points be *prima facie* satisfactory to the Civil Service Commissioners, the Candidate, on payment of the prescribed fee (c), will be admitted to the Examination. The Commissioners may however in their discretion at any time prior to the grant of the Certificate of Qualification hereinafter referred to, institute such further inquiries as they may deem necessary; and if the result of such inquiries, in the case of any Candidate, should be unsatisfactory to them in any of the above respects, he will be ineligible for admission to the Civil Service of India, and if already selected, will be removed from the position of a Probationer.

(a) An order for admission to the Examination will be sent to each Candidate on the 18th of May.

(b) The numbers will be announced hereafter.

(c) The fee (£5) will be payable by means of a special stamp according to instructions which will be communicated to Candidates.

4. The Examination will take place only in the following branches of knowledge :—

	Marks.
English Composition	300
(d) History of England—including a period selected by the Candidate ...	300
(d) English Literature—including books selected by the Candidate ...	300
Greek	600
Latin	800
French	500
German	500
Italian	400
(e) Mathematics (pure and mixed)	1,000
Natural Science; that is, the Elements of any two of the following Sciences, viz. :—	
Chemistry, 500; Electricity and Magnetism, 300; Experimental Laws of Heat and Light, 300; Mechanical Philosophy, with outlines of Astronomy, 300.	
Logic	300
Elements of Political Economy	300
(f) Sanskrit	500
(f) Arabic	500

Candidates are at liberty to name any or all of these branches of knowledge. No subjects are obligatory.

5. The merit of the persons examined will be estimated by marks; and the number set opposite to each branch in the preceding regulation denotes the greatest number of marks that can be obtained in respect of it.

6. The marks assigned to Candidates in each branch will be subject to such deduction as the Civil Service Commissioners may deem necessary (g), in order to secure that “a Candidate be allowed no credit at all for taking up a subject in which he is a mere smatterer.”

7. The Examination will be conducted on paper and *viva voce*, as may be deemed necessary.

8. The marks obtained by each Candidate, in respect of each of the subjects in which he shall have been examined, will be added up, and the names of the several Candidates who shall have obtained, after the deduction above mentioned, a greater aggregate number of marks than any of the remaining Candidates will be set forth in order of merit, and such Candidates shall be deemed to be selected Candidates for the Civil Service of India, provided they appear to be in other respects duly qualified. Should any of the selected Candidates become disqualified, the Secretary of State for India will determine whether the vacancy thus created shall be filled up or not. In the former case, the Candidate next in order of merit, and in other respects duly qualified, shall be deemed to be a selected Candidate. A selected Candidate declining to accept the appointment which may be offered to him will be disqualified for any subsequent competition.

9. Selected Candidates before proceeding to India will be on probation for two years, during which time they will be examined periodically, with a view of testing their progress in the following subjects (h) :—

	Marks.
1. Law	1,250
2. Classical Languages of India—	
Sanskrit	500
Arabic	400
Persian	400
3. Vernacular Languages of India (excepting Hindustani when taken up by Madras Candidates, and Gujarati) each	400
4. The History and Geography of India	350
5. Political Economy	350

(d) A considerable portion of the marks for English History and Literature will be allotted to the works elected by the Candidate. (See Notice on p. 4.) In awarding marks for this, regard will be had partly to the extent and importance of the periods or books selected, but chiefly to the thoroughness with which they have been studied.

(e) The Examination will range from Arithmetic, Algebra, and Elementary Geometry, up to the elements of the differential and integral calculus, including the lower portions of applied Mathematics.

(f) The standard of marking in Sanskrit and Arabic will be determined with reference to a high degree of proficiency, such as may be expected to be reached by a Native of good education.

(g) Marks assigned in English Composition and Mathematics will be subject to no deduction. Each science will, for the purpose of deduction, be treated as a separate subject.

(h) Full instructions as to the course of study to be pursued will be issued to the successful Candidates as soon as possible after the result of the Open Competition is declared.

In these Examinations, as in the open competition, the merit of the Candidates examined will be estimated by marks, and the number set opposite to each subject denotes the greatest number of marks that can be obtained in respect of it at any one Examination. The Examination will be conducted on paper and *viva voce*, as may be deemed necessary. The last of these Examinations will be held at the close of the second year of probation, and will be called the "*Final Examination*," at which it will be decided whether a selected Candidate is qualified for the Civil Service of India. *At this Examination Candidates will be permitted to take up any one of the following branches of Natural Science, viz.,—Agricultural Chemistry, Botany, Geology, or Zoology, for which 350 marks will be allowed. Candidates for Madras and Bombay will also be permitted to compete for Prizes in Hindustani and Gujarati respectively.*

10. Candidates will be tested during their probation as to their ability to perform journeys on horseback; and no Candidate will be deemed qualified for the Civil Service of India who fails to satisfy the Civil Service Commissioners of his competence in this respect.

11. Any Candidate who, at any of the periodical Examinations, shall appear to have wilfully neglected his studies, or to be physically incapacitated for pursuing the prescribed course of training, will be liable to have his name removed from the list of selected Candidates.

12. The selected Candidates who, at the Final Examination, shall be found to have a competent knowledge of the subjects specified in Regulation 9, and who shall have satisfied the Civil Service Commissioners of their eligibility in respect of nationality, age, health, character and ability to ride, shall be certified by the said Commissioners to be entitled to be appointed to the Civil Service of India, provided they shall comply with the regulations in force, at the time, for that Service.

13. Persons desirous to be admitted as Candidates must apply on Forms,* which may be obtained from "The Secretary, Civil Service Commission, London, S.W., at any time after the 1st December, 1887. The Forms must be returned so as to be received at the office of the Civil Service Commissioners on or before 31st March 1888 (i).

The Civil Service Commissioners are authorized by the Secretary of State for India in Council to make the following announcements:—

- (1) Selected Candidates will be permitted to choose, according to the order in which they stand in the list resulting from the Open Competition, so long as choice remains, the Presidency (and in Bengal the Division of the Presidency) to which they shall be appointed; but this choice will be subject to a different arrangement, should the Secretary of State, or the Government of India, deem it necessary (k).
- (2) The Probationers, having passed the necessary Examinations, will be required to report their arrival in India within such period after the grant of their Certificate of Qualification as the Secretary of State may in each case direct.
- (3) The seniority in the Civil Service of India of the Selected Candidates shall be determined according to the order in which they stand on the list resulting from the Final Examination.
- (4) An allowance amounting to £300 will be given to all candidates who pass their probation at one of the Universities or Colleges which have been approved by the Secretary of State, viz., the Universities of Oxford, Cambridge, Dublin, Glasgow, Edinburgh, St. Andrew's, and Aberdeen; University College, London; and King's College, London; provided such Candidates shall have passed the required Examinations to the satisfaction of the Civil Service Commissioners, and shall have complied with such rules as may be laid down for the guidance of Selected Candidates.

Candidates are not permitted to migrate from the University originally chosen by them to another University without first applying to the India Office for the permission, and receiving the sanction, of the Secretary of State, who will not entertain such applications unless good and sufficient reasons are assigned.

* Copies of these Regulations and of the form of application may be obtained on application to the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department.

(i) These forms should be accompanied by evidence on the points mentioned in Regulation 2, and by a list of the subjects in which the Candidate desires to be examined. Evidence of health and character must bear date not earlier than 1st March, 1888. Applications for leave to alter or add to the list of subjects named will not be entertained unless received on or before the 4th of May.

(k) This choice must be exercised immediately after the result of the Open Competition is announced on such day as may be fixed by the Civil Service Commissioners.

- (5) Selected Candidates desiring to remain in this country an additional year after the completion of their two years' probation for the purpose of taking a degree at one of the Universities above-mentioned, should apply to the Secretary of State for India for permission to do so. Besides the allowance above-mentioned, a bonus of £150 will, as a temporary and experimental measure, be paid to any Candidate who, having obtained permission to remain an additional year, passes an examination qualifying for a degree in Honours at Oxford or Cambridge, or being a student of University College, London, passes with credit an Honour Examination of the University of London. This privilege will be hereafter extended to any other of the Universities above referred to, at which an academical distinction is obtainable which, in the opinion of the Secretary of State, corresponds to a degree in Honours at Oxford or Cambridge, and to obtain which the additional year's residence in this country is necessary.
- (6) All Selected Candidates will be required, after having passed the first periodical Examination and before receiving the first instalment of their allowance, to attend at the India Office for the purpose of entering into an agreement binding themselves, amongst other things, to refund in certain cases the amount of their allowance in the event of their failing to proceed to India. A surety will be required.
- (7) After passing the Final Examination, each Candidate will be required to attend again at the India Office, with the view of entering into covenants, by which, amongst other things, they will bind themselves to agree to such Regulations for the provision of pensions for their families as may be approved by the Secretary of State for India in Council. The stamps payable on these covenants amount to £1.
- (8) Candidates rejected at the Final Examination of 1890, will in no case be allowed to present themselves for re-examination.

1888.

NOTICE RESPECTING THE EXAMINATION IN THE HISTORY OF ENGLAND,
AND ENGLISH LITERATURE.

HISTORY OF ENGLAND.

For guidance of Candidates who may have a difficulty in making their selections for special study under this head, the following list is given as indicating the character and amount of reading that would be regarded as satisfactory.

Any one of the following periods, to be studied generally in "Bright's History," or (for the two first periods) Green's "History of the English People"; and more particularly in portions, selected by the Candidate, of the Text-books named:—

1. *A.D. 1066-1307.*—Stubbs' Select Charters; Stubbs' Constitutional History of England; Freeman's Norman Conquest, Vol. V.
2. *A.D. 1461-1588.*—Hallam's Constitutional History of England; Froude's History of England; Brewer's Henry VIII.
3. *A.D. 1603-1715.*—Hallam's Constitutional History of England; Macaulay's History of England; Gardiner's History of England; Wyon's Reign of Queen Anne.
4. *A.D. 1715-1805.*—Lord Stanhope's History; Sir T. E. May's Constitutional History; Seeley's Expansion of England; Massey's Reign of George III.

ENGLISH LITERATURE.

Under this head there will be (besides the general paper) a special paper on the following books:—

1. *Chaucer.*—Prologue and Clerk's Tale.
2. *Shakespeare.*—Timon of Athens, Winter's Tale.
3. *Pope.*—Essay on Man and Essay on Criticism.
4. *Burke.*—Present Discontents; Speeches on American Taxation, and on Conciliation with America.
5. *Byron.*—Childe Harold.

The oral examination in English Literature will have reference chiefly to such works, *not included in the foregoing list*, as the Candidate may offer for the purpose.

EVIDENCE OF AGE TO BE REQUIRED FROM CANDIDATES FOR THE CIVIL
SERVICE OF INDIA.

I. Every Candidate born in the United Kingdom should produce a Certificate from the Registrar-General of Births, Marriages, and Deaths, or from one of his provincial Officers. This Certificate may be obtained from the Registrar-General in London, Dublin or Edinburgh or from the Superintendent Registrar of the District in which the birth took place.

II. A Candidate born of European parents in India may produce a Certificate of Baptism from the district in which he was baptised. When such certificates are not in the possession of the candidates an Extract from the Registers kept at the India Office will probably be obtainable.

III. A Candidate who is a Native of India must have his age certified by the Government of India, or of the Presidency or Province in which he may have resided.

Except as noted in paragraphs II and III, every Candidate is expected to produce a Certificate of Birth. The Civil Service Commissioners will not in ordinary cases accept a Certificate of Baptism, or other testimony, unless they are first satisfied that a Certificate of Birth cannot be procured.

Official Certificates of Birth may generally be obtained as follows:—

- (a) *For persons born in England or Wales since 30th June, 1837.*—From the Registrar-General, Somerset House, London, or from the Superintendent Registrar of the district in which the birth took place.
- (b) *For persons born in Scotland since 31st December, 1854.*—From the General Register Office, Edinburgh; or from the Registrar of the Parish or district in which the birth took place.
- (c) *For persons born in Ireland since 31st December, 1863.*—From the General Register Office, Dublin; or from the Superintendent Registrar of the district in which the birth took place.
- (d) *For persons of English, Scottish or Irish parentage born on board British ships since the date mentioned in (a), (b), and (c) respectively.*—From the General Register Office, London, Edinburgh, or Dublin, according to parentage.
- (e) *For persons born in India of European parents.*—From the India Office, London.

Any Candidate who cannot produce a Certificate of Birth from one of the authorities named should, if possible, procure a Certificate of Baptism, and should then apply to the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, for further instructions.

CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA.

FORM OF APPLICATION; TO BE FILLED UP BY THE CANDIDATE HIMSELF.

** * The order for admission to the Examination will not be issued unless this Form, filled up by the Candidate himself, is received at the Office of the Civil Service Commission on or before the 31st March 1888.*

Date _____

SIR,

BEING desirous to offer myself as a Candidate at the Examination for the Civil Service of India, which is appointed to commence on the 1st of June, 1888, I transmit herewith, as required by the Regulations—

(1) If a General Register Office certificate cannot be obtained, the instructions printed on the other side will show what evidence should be supplied. If evidence is already in the hands of the Commissioners, strike out "A certificate of my birth" and insert "Evidence is already in the possession of the Commissioners."

(1) A certificate of my birth, showing that I was born on the _____ day of _____ 18, and that therefore my age was above 17 years and under 19 years on the 1st of January, 1888.

(2) The terms indicated must appear in the certificate, which must be given after personal examination, and bear date not earlier than 1st March, 1888.

(2) A certificate signed by

of my having no disease, constitutional affection, or bodily infirmity unfitting me, or likely to unfit me, for the Civil Service of India.

(3) Two testimonials must be sent bearing date not earlier than 1st March 1888. One of them should be given by an intimate acquaintance (not a relative) of not less than three or four years' standing; the other, if the candidate has recently left school, should be given by his late schoolmaster, or if he has had employment of any kind, by his late employer. If the candidate has been at any University, he should send a certificate of good conduct from his College tutor.

(3) Proof of my moral character, viz. :—

(1) A testimonial from

(2) A testimonial from

(4) This should be given on the form herewith. If the History of England or English Literature be named, the schedule should also be filled up.

(4) A statement of the branches of knowledge in which I desire to be examined.

I have also to state, with reference to Section 2, Clause (i) of the Regulations, that I am a natural-born subject of Her Majesty.

I am, SIR,

Your obedient Servant,

Name in full _____

Address _____

To the Secretary,

Civil Service Commission,

London, S. W.

CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA.

OPEN COMPETITION OF 1888.

SELECTION OF SUBJECTS TO BE FILLED UP AND RETURNED WITH THE FORM OF APPLICATION.

* * Place your Initials against the subjects which you select.

						INITIALS.
English Composition	...	...	...	...	...	.....
*History of England	...	...	...	...	...	.....
*English Literature	...	...	...	...	...	.....
Greek	...	...	...	...	...	.....
Latin	...	...	...	...	...	.....
French	...	...	...	...	...	.....
German	...	...	...	...	...	.....
Italian	...	...	...	...	...	.....
Mathematics	...	...	...	...	...	.....
Natural Science, viz. :—	...	...	...	...	...	.....
Two of these only may be taken up.	Chemistry	...	...	...	...	.....
	Electricity and Magnetism	...	...	...	...	.....
	Experimental Laws of Heat and Light	...	...	...	...	.....
	Mechanical Philosophy and Astronomy	...	...	...	...	.....
Logic	...	...	...	...	...	.....
Elements of Political Economy	...	...	...	...	...	.....
Sanskrit	...	...	...	...	...	.....
Arabic	...	...	...	...	...	.....

Any Candidate who wishes to decline Oral Examination in any of the subjects selected by him or the Practical Examination in Chemistry, should fill up the subjoined statement :—

¶ You may
insert here
the word
"not."

I do ¶ wish to be examined orally in _____

¶ You may
insert here
the word
"not."

I do ¶ wish to be examined practically in Chemistry.
Signature _____

Date _____

* State Periods and Books selected on the next sheet.

To the Director of Examinations,

Civil Service Commission,

London, S. W.

CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA.

OPEN COMPETITION OF 1888.

History of England.—Period and Text-books selected by the undersigned Candidate :—

Period

Text-Books

English Literature.—Books offered by the undersigned Candidate for Oral examination :—

Signature _____

*To the Director of Examinations,
Civil Service Commission,
London, S. W.*

MEDICAL.

The 27th October, 1887.

No. 611.—Officiating Deputy Surgeon-General W. R. Rice, M.D., Civil Surgeon of Jubbulpore, is appointed to be Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, in succession to Deputy Surgeon-General W. Walker, M.D.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

The 28th October, 1887.

No. 340.—The Reverend M. E. Mills, Senior Chaplain on the Bengal Establishment, has

obtained furlough for one year and seven months, with effect from the 17th proximo, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same, together with the usual subsidiary leave.

PATENTS.

The 24th October, 1887.

No. 1347.—Specifications of the undermentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of Act XV of 1859, in the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department. Copies have been sent

to one of the Secretaries to each of the Governments of Bengal, Fort St. George, Bombay, and the North-Western Provinces. A copy of every specification is open to public inspection, at all reasonable hours, at the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department at the Presidency, upon payment of a fee of one Rupee. A certified copy of any specification will be given to any person requiring the same on payment of the expense of copying.—

No. 122 of 1887.—Harry Robert Newton, of Thameside, Weybridge, in the County of Surrey, England, Architect, for improvements in sewers, drains, and cesspools.

No. 123 of 1887.—Percival Everitt, of 47, Cannon Street, London, England, Engineer, for improvements in apparatus for receiving payments for and for delivering prepaid goods.

No. 130 of 1887.—William Donaldson, of 2, Westminster Chambers, Victoria Street, in the County of Middlesex, England, Civil Engineer, for improvements in pumps actuated by fluid pressure.

No. 157 of 1887.—Alfred Parry, Engineer, residing at Barrackpore, near Calcutta, for a rapid filter of simple construction to be known hereafter as "Parry's Excelsior Filter."

No. 171 of 1887.—Alexander Lagerman, of Jönköping, in the Kingdom of Sweden, Gentleman, for improvements in type setting or composing apparatus.

No. 185 of 1887.—Charles Ernest Hoefling, of 19 and 21, Queen Victoria Street, London, for improvements in apparatus for synchronizing clocks.

A. P. MACDONNELL,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 24th October, 1887.

No. 1951-G.—Foreign Department Notification, No. 1660-G., dated the 6th September, 1887, granting twenty days' privilege leave to Surgeon-Major L. D. Spencer, M.D., Residency Surgeon and Superintendent-General of Dispensaries and Vaccination in Rajputana, is hereby cancelled.

No. 1953-G.—Captain A. M. Muir, Political Assistant of the 3rd Class, is appointed to officiate as Cantonment Magistrate at Secunderabad, with effect from the 8th October, 1887, during the absence on furlough of Major A. P. Thornton, or until further orders.

The 25th October, 1887.

No. 1956-G.—The following appointments are made in the Central India Horse, with effect from the 14th March, 1887:

2nd Regiment.

Colonel M. G. Gerard, C.B., 2nd Squadron Commander, 1st Regiment, to be 2nd-in-Command, *vice* Major A. H. S. Neill, deceased.

Captain A. Masters, 3rd Squadron Commander, to be 2nd Squadron Commander, *vice* Major H. A. Vincent, transferred to the 1st Regiment.

Captain A. G. A. Durand, 4th Squadron Commander, 1st Regiment, to be 3rd Squadron Commander, *vice* Captain Masters.

1st Regiment.

Major H. A. Vincent, 2nd Squadron Commander, 2nd Regiment, to be 2nd Squadron Commander, *vice* Colonel Gerard.

Foreign Department Notification, No. 1226-G., dated the 7th July, 1887, is cancelled.

No. 1959-G.—Consequent on the return from furlough of Colonel G. L. K. Hewett, Commandant of the Erinpura Irregular Force, the following appointments are made in Local Corps in Rajputana, with effect from the date of joining:

Meywar Bheel Corps.

Lieutenant-Colonel A. R. T. McRae, 2nd-in-Command and Officiating Commandant of the Erinpura Irregular Force, to be Officiating 2nd-in-Command.

Lieutenant C. H. Dawson, Officiating 2nd-in-Command, to revert to his appointment as Officiating Adjutant.

Erinpura Irregular Force.

Captain G. A. Collins, Wing Officer and Adjutant of the Meywar Bheel Corps, and Officiating 2nd-in-Command, Merwara Battalion, to officiate as 2nd-in-Command, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel A. R. T. McRae.

Merwara Battalion.

Lieutenant G. H. J. Moore, Wing Officer and Adjutant, to officiate as 2nd-in-Command, *vice* Captain G. A. Collins, and pending the return from furlough of Lieutenant-Colonel P. W. Smith.

The 26th October, 1887.

No. 1967-G.—The services of Lieutenant-Colonel D. Cowie, Madras Staff Corps, Assistant Superintendent, 1st Grade, Mysore Revenue Survey, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the 1st November, 1887.

The 27th October, 1887.

No. 1973-G.—Mr. J. G. Cordery, C.S.I., C.S., Resident of the 1st Class, and Resident at Hyderabad, is granted privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 1st November, 1887.

No. 1975-G.—Lieutenant A. P. Pingdestre, Wing Officer of the 40th Regiment, Bengal Infantry, is appointed to officiate as Wing Officer and Adjutant of the Merwara Battalion, with effect from date of joining, and during such time as Lieutenant G. H. J. Moore may officiate as Wing Commander and 2nd-in-Command, or until further orders.

H. M. DURAND,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

Simla, the 22nd October, 1887.

No. 5670.—*Monthly Preliminary Statement of Receipts and Payments at Civil Treasuries in India.*
September 1887. (Lakhs of Rupees.)

	IN SEPTEMBER.		TO END OF SEPTEMBER.		WHOLE YEAR.	
	1887-88.	1886-87.	1887-88.	1886-87.	Budget, 1887-88.	Actuals, Preliminary, 1886-87.
[For the explanation of these heads, see <i>Gazette of India</i> , dated 22nd December, 1883, Part I, page 497.]						
Civil Revenue.						
Land Revenue (including Land Revenue due to Irrigation)	67	87	8,42	8,67	23,52	23,64
Opium	70	1,09	4,27	4,90	8,89	8,94
Salt	46	55	3,18	3,18	6,60	6,66
Stamps	24	29	1,92	1,95	3,72	3,75
Excise	35	37	2,20	2,17	4,23	4,37
Provincial Rates	11	14	1,21	1,22	2,96	2,97
Customs	8	6	57	52	1,23	1,25
Assessed Taxes	14	15	71	62	1,30	1,27
Forest (Madras and Bombay only)	3	3	16	15	46	34
Registration	2	3	16	16	30	30
Tributes from Native States	1	1	19	19	72	70
Other Civil Revenue	14	23	1,42	1,50	3,24	3,14
TOTAL CIVIL REVENUE DIRECTLY BROUGHT TO ACCOUNT: GROSS	2,95	3,82	24,41	25,23	57,17	57,33
Civil Expenditure.						
Interest on Ordinary Debt and that on Railways and Irrigation Works	— 22	— 29	— 1,88	— 1,86	— 4,00	— 3,82
Opium	— 36	— 42	— 2,11	— 2,43	— 2,50	— 2,73
Other Civil Expenditure	— 1,49	— 1,71	— 9,85	— 9,97	— 22,12	— 21,07
TOTAL CIVIL EXPENDITURE DIRECTLY BROUGHT TO ACCOUNT: GROSS	— 2,07	— 2,42	— 13,84	— 14,26	— 28,62	— 27,62
Extraordinary Receipts . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...
Receipts into Civil Treasuries from, and issues from those Treasuries to, the following Non-Civil Departments.						
[The figures comprising Revenue, Expenditure, and Debt and Remittance Transactions.]						
Post Office (Net: + Receipts more, — Receipts less, than Issues)	+ 3	+ 13	+ 45	+ 1,70	+ 67	+ 1,98
Forest, Telegraph, Marine (Net as above)	— 1	— 4	— 9	— 10	— 14	— 23
Guaranteed and Subsidized Railways (Net as above)	+ 15	+ 23	+ 2,11	+ 2,26	+ 4,20	+ 4,42
Do. Repayment of Surplus Profits, &c. . . . .	...	— 2	— 10	— 6	— 54	— 54
Military Receipts	+ 3	+ 8	+ 37	+ 44	+ 1,01	+ 98
Military Issues	— 1,11	— 1,16	— 7,22	— 6,62	— 13,79	— 14,04
Public Works Department—						
State Railways Receipts	+ 36	+ 46	+ 2,71	+ 2,65	} — 2,08	+ 5,72
" " Issues	— 45	— 72	— 3,67	— 4,31		— 8,90
East Indian Railway Receipts	+ 24	+ 31	+ 1,94	+ 2,15	} + 2,86	+ 4,27
" " Issues	— 10	— 15	— 73	— 67		— 1,27
Ordinary Branches Receipts	+ 10	+ 11	+ 75	+ 1,00	} — 5,95	+ 2,00
" " Issues	— 52	— 50	— 3,61	— 3,11		— 6,91
TOTAL NON-CIVIL DEPARTMENTS	— 1,28	— 1,27	— 7,09	— 4,67	— 13,76	— 12,52
Civil Debt and Remittance Transactions.						
Permanent Debt and Special Loans (Net: + Receipts more, — Receipts less, than Payments).	+ 45	+ 59	+ 5,00	— 49	+ 2,00	+ 4
Mint Certificates and Bullion Advances (Net as above)	+ 9	+ 11	— 28	— 14	...	+ 1
Exchange on Remittance Account	— 23	— 39	— 3,07	— 1,58	— 5,37	— 3,98
Council Bills paid (including Telegraphic) at Rs. 10 per £	— 1,01	— 1,44	— 7,57	— 5,02	— 16,25	— 12,18
Other Debt Heads (Net as above)	+ 5	+ 12	+ 2	— 20	+ 2,92	— 64
TOTAL DEBT AND REMITTANCE TRANSACTIONS	— 65	— 1,01	— 5,90	— 7,43	— 16,70	— 16,75
GRAND TOTAL RECEIPTS AND ISSUES	— 1,05	— 88	— 2,42	— 1,13	— 1,91	+ 44
Opening Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	11,83	12,50	13,20	12,75	13,01	12,75
Closing Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	10,78	11,62	10,78	11,62	11,10	13,19

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.
MINT AND CURRENCY.

The 25th October, 1887.

No. 5689.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Department of Finance and Commerce.

Read—

A letter from the Bombay Chamber of Commerce, to the President of the Finance Committee, dated 19th June 1886, representing that economy would be promoted by the abolition of the Mint in Calcutta.

Read the following—

Paragraphs 3—10 of a Note by Sir Charles Elliott, President of the Finance Committee, dated 12th March 1887.

3. When we visited the Mint we found it absolutely idle: except cleaning up and examining the machinery nothing whatever was going on. And not only this, but we were informed that no coining was likely to be undertaken for a month. The natural suggestion was, can it be really necessary that a Mint with its expensive fixed establishment and its costly machinery should be idle for so long together?
4. We were informed that the Bombay Mint is capable of turning out from 5 to 6 lakhs of coin every day, all of which may be in silver (in fact, its machinery is at present entirely used for silver and not for copper), while the Calcutta Mint is capable of turning out $3\frac{1}{2}$ lakhs of silver coin and from 3 to 4 lakhs of copper coins per diem. On this calculation Calcutta was fully occupied on the average of the last 5 years for 70 days in silver coinage and 136 days in copper coinage: and Bombay was fully occupied for only 105 days in each year. Assuming that the Mint worked for 312 days in the year, at $5\frac{1}{2}$ lakhs a day, the Bombay Mint can turn out 1,716 lakhs of coin in the year, which exceeds the coinage of the combined Mints in any of the five years, of which statistics are given in paragraph 1 of the accompanying Note.*
5. If, then, the influx of bullion into the Mint were at all regular, or rather if Government had not to provide against the danger of such an influx of bullion as would drain the Treasury of rupees before the Mint could turn the bullion into rupees, it would be quite possible to close one of the two Mints to silver, using it only for copper; and then it would only be necessary to show what the saving by such a closure would be, as compared with the cost of conveying to Bombay for coinage and bringing back in coin the bullion offered for coinage by the trade at Calcutta. (It may probably be assumed that though Government may have the power, it would not be willing to throw this cost on the mercantile community.) I have not, however, had the time to work out this comparison of cost, as it did not seem worth while to begin it till the first step had been cleared, which is to ascertain to what extent the danger above referred to does practically exist.
6. The enquiries made on this subject from Bombay have not been answered, for the reason above mentioned. As to Calcutta, I have obtained a daily statement of the work done by the Mint in 1886. In that year the Mint was not working at all for 129 days and was doing some work for 236 days: silver was coined on 179 days and copper on 213. The bullion tendered for coinage was 126 lakhs, of which 55 lakhs were sent over from Bombay. Supposing, then, no silver were coined at Calcutta, Government would have had to bear the cost of the freight of 71 lakhs to Bombay instead of 55 lakhs from it; no great difference, as far as the working of this single year is concerned.

* *i.e.*, the five years from 1881-82 to 1885-86.

- 7 The following statement gives an abstract of the working of each month of the year :

MONTH.	SILVER.				COPPER.		
	Days.	Rs.	Tale.	Average per day.	Days.	Tale.	Average per day.
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
January . . .	23	38'38	38'38	1'66	23	5'92	26
February . . .	7	8'72	9'76	1'39	10	17'36	1'73
March . . .	13	4'71	22'43	1'72	10	19'61	1'96
April . . .	22	8'57	50'68	2'30	19	64'70	3'40
May . . .	23	10'79	53'01	2'30	23	90'42	3'93
June . . .	23	33'69	40'94	1'78	23	91'61	3'98
July . . .	25	29'72	29'72	1'18	25	90'68	3'62
August . . .	...	...	...	...	16	67'26	4'20
September . . .	...	...	...	...	13	58'49	4'50
October . . .	5	1'36	5'44	1'09	7	13'32	1'90
November . . .	21	8'72	30'63	1'46	22	59'92	2'72
December . . .	17	7'07	15'35	'90	22	66'71	3'03

It was only in April and May that the Mint was pretty fully occupied on both silver and copper; and in no month was it working up to its full strength. Copper coinage was pretty brisk in April, May, June, July and December. Taking the two coinages together, August and September were very idle months. If we had got similar figures for Bombay and had compiled them in the same way, we should have been able to test how far, in a year like 1886, the one Mint could have done all the work: or Bombay all the silver and Calcutta all the copper.

8. We received from the Financial Department a printed statement showing the monthly receipts and coinage of silver at the two Mints from April 1882 to January 1887. Taking the working capacity of the Calcutta Mint at $26 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ or 91 lakhs a month, no month in this period would have put any strain upon it, for the highest receipt was 66 lakhs in September 1885. Taking the Bombay working capacity at $26 \times 5\frac{1}{2} = 143$ lakhs a month, the receipts exceeded this sum in no month, and only came up to it, or close to it, in May 1882 and June 1885.

The receipts of the two Mints taken together exceeded the Bombay working capacity in the following months only:—

May 1882	174 lakhs.
June 1885	184 „
April 1886	153 „

There were no two consecutive months in which the Bombay Mint could not have worked off the whole of the bullion received at both Mints.

9. A further question has to be answered, *vis.*, how fast the influx of bullion into the Mint is followed by an immediate drain of rupees from the Treasury. The merchants who present bullion do it almost entirely under the Currency Act, and not under the Coinage Act. Under the latter they are entitled to obtain rupees from the Treasury 21 days after the date of the certificate from the Assay Master: under the former, they are entitled to obtain notes or cash from the Head Commissioner of Currency immediately on presentation of the Assay Master's certificate, and they naturally prefer the latter procedure. These currency notes can be converted into rupees at once at the Treasury; but, as a matter of fact, I understand that they only come in for encashment by degrees; and it does not follow that, because bullion is presented faster than the Mint can coin it, therefore the notes given in exchange for the bullion would also be presented at the Treasury faster than the rupees would come in from the Mint. This is a matter on which I should have sought for further information had there been time.
10. I regret that I am obliged to leave this enquiry so incomplete, but I would suggest that it may perhaps be worth while for the Government of India to carry it on. It seems clear that the business of coinage is carried on at a loss (though not a very heavy loss) to Government; and also that the Mints are very insufficiently employed. It seems possible that economy might be gained, and efficiency might not suffer, if all the silver coinage were done at Bombay and all the copper at Calcutta. The establishment could be re-arranged so as to admit of always working at high pressure at Bombay, while there is never any great pressure for copper coin, and a smaller establishment at Calcutta could be kept up for carrying on the work at an even and regular rate. It would be necessary to make clear—

- (1) Whether such an arrangement would enable Government to cope with a great rush of bullion, without running any risk of draining the Treasury.

- (2) Whether the economy to be obtained would be considerable, after allowing for the freight to Bombay of the bullion presented by Calcutta merchants and its return when coined, at the expense of Government.

RESOLUTION.—The question of the possibility of abolishing the Calcutta Mint and confining the coining operations of Government to the Bombay Mint was raised by the Bombay Chamber of Commerce in the letter read above, which has already been made public.

The Finance Commissioner with the Government of India was not able to complete his enquiry into this matter; but he recommended it to the consideration of the Government of India. The Governor General in Council has accordingly examined the facts concerning the capacity of the Bombay Mint to undertake the whole of the coinage offered at both Calcutta and Bombay; and has come to the conclusion that the Mint is now in a position to coin at least 14 crore of rupees monthly, or that it can easily and at small cost be made capable of doing so, so that the whole demand for Rupee coinage is well within or can easily be brought within the power of the Bombay Mint. Under these circumstances the economy proposed by the Bombay Chamber of Commerce appears feasible; at the same time there can be no question that the saving to be secured by the proposal would be substantial. The banking and mercantile community chiefly affected by the proposal is, however, that of Calcutta; and before considering the matter further, the Governor General in Council desires to be placed in possession of the views of that community on the question of the necessity for maintaining at Calcutta, as well as at Bombay, the existing facilities for the coinage of imported silver.

This Resolution will accordingly be specially referred to the Bengal Chamber of Commerce and the Bank of Bengal, and will also be published in the *Gazette of India* with the view of eliciting the opinions of any persons interested, who may desire to lay their views before the Government of India.

ORDERED,—That copy be forwarded to the Bengal Chamber of Commerce, and the Bank of Bengal for the purpose mentioned, and that the Resolution be also published in the *Gazette of India*.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

The 24th October, 1887.

No. 5651.—Surgeon-Major Yeld is granted privilege leave for three months, from the 14th October, or from date of relief by Mr. F. W. Peterson on return from furlough.

Mr. F. W. Peterson having on return from furlough been posted as Deputy Assay Master, Bombay Mint, received charge of that appointment from Surgeon-Major H. P. Yeld on the afternoon of the 14th October, 1887.

The 28th October, 1887.

No. 5765.—The following grade promotions and reversions of Officers of the Account Department in August and September 1887 are hereby notified:

In consequence of the departure on privilege leave of Mr. A. C. Tupp,—

Mr. E. J. Sinkinson to officiate as Accountant-General, Class I, with effect from the 1st August, 1887.

Mr. J. F. Finlay to officiate as Accountant-General, Class II, with effect from the 1st August, 1887.

Mr. H. G. H. Cowie to officiate as Accountant-General, Class III, with effect from the 2nd August, 1887.

In consequence of the appointment of Mr. H. F. Clogstoun to officiate as Comptroller and Auditor General,—

Mr. W. Donald to officiate as Accountant-General, Class II, with effect from the 1st August, 1887.

With effect from the 2nd August, 1887, in consequence of the departure on privilege leave of Mr. R. A. Sterndale,—

Mr. G. H. R. Hart to officiate as Enrolled Officer, Class III.

In consequence of the appointment of Mr. E. F. T. Atkinson to officiate as Secretary, Department of Finance and Commerce,—

Mr. H. F. Clogstoun to officiate as Comptroller and Auditor General, with effect from the 9th August, 1887.

Mr. R. Logan to officiate as Accountant-General, Class I, with effect from the 10th August, 1887.

With effect from the 23rd August, 1887, in consequence of the appointment of Mr. E. W. Kellner to officiate as Accountant-General, North-Western Provinces and Oudh,—

Mr. E. W. Kellner to officiate as Accountant-General, Class II.

Mr. W. Donald to officiate as Accountant-General, Class III.

Mr. J. E. Cooke to officiate as Enrolled Officer, Class I.

Mr. H. G. H. Cowie to revert to his officiating appointment as Enrolled Officer, Class II.

With effect from the 27th September, 1887, in consequence of the return from privilege leave of Mr. A. C. Tupp,—

Mr. R. Logan to cease to officiate as Accountant-General, Class I, and to revert to his officiating appointment as Accountant-General, Class II.

Mr. E. W. Kellner to cease to officiate as Accountant-General, Class II, and to revert to his substantive appointment as Enrolled Officer, Class I.

Mr. J. E. Cooke to cease to officiate as Enrolled Officer, Class I, and to revert to his substantive appointment as Enrolled Officer, Class II.

Mr. R. E. Hamilton to cease to officiate as Enrolled Officer, Class II, and to revert to his substantive appointment as Enrolled Officer, Class III.

Mr. R. N. Ray to cease to officiate as Enrolled Officer, Class III, and revert to his substantive appointment as Enrolled Officer, Class IV.

Mr. R. C. Chapman to cease to officiate as Enrolled Officer, Class IV, and to revert to his substantive appointment as Enrolled Officer, Class V.

Mr. W. D. F. Cowley to cease to officiate as Enrolled Officer, Class V, and to revert to his substantive appointment as Enrolled Officer, Class VI.

Mr. L. E. Pritchard to cease to officiate as Enrolled Officer, Class VI, and to revert to his substantive appointment as Probationer, Financial Department.

CODES.

The 25th October, 1887.

No. 5674.

CIVIL PENSION CODE.

PAGE 56.

Section 109.

Rule 1.

Insert the following after "absent on leave" in line 3 of the footnote under this Rule:

"other than privilege leave."

SEPARATE REVENUE.

STAMPS.

The 26th October, 1887.

No. 5700.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Sections 9 and 56 of the Indian Stamp Act, 1879, the Governor-General in Council directs that the following shall be inserted after the words "such officer" in Rule 10 (b) of the Rules promulgated by Notification in this Department No. 1288, dated the 3rd March, 1882:

"or some principal assistant of such officer appointed by the Local Government from time to time in this behalf."

E. T. ATKINSON,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 28th October, 1887.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 835.—BRIGADE STAFF—

Captain L. C. Dundas, D.S.O., Liverpool Regiment, to be a Brigade-Major on the Establishment, *vice* Major F. C. Burton, 1st Bengal Cavalry, who has rejoined his regiment. Dated 19th October, 1887.

No. 836.—COMMISSARIAT DEPARTMENT—

The tenure of the appointment of Assistant Commissary-General, 3rd Class, by Major G. H. Elliott, 3rd Bengal Cavalry, is extended to the 15th March, 1888.

GARRISON INSTRUCTION STAFF IN INDIA.

No. 837.—The following officer of the Garrison Instruction Staff is granted an extension of the tenure of his appointment as specified, subject to the approval of the Secretary of State for India:

Major G. Poignand, Leinster Regiment, to the 14th December, 1888.

No. 838.—Captain E. C. Bethune, 6th Dragoon Guards, to be Garrison Instructor, *vice* Major H. B. Moffat, who has resigned his appointment. Dated 20th October, 1887.

No. 839.—MEDICAL DEPARTMENT—

Brigade-Surgeon W. R. Rice, M.D., Indian Medical Service, Bengal Establishment, to be Deputy Surgeon-General, with temporary rank, *vice* Deputy Surgeon-General J. C. Morice, confirmed,—with effect from 24th October, 1887.

No. 840.—MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT—

Surgeon-Major G. W. R. Hay, M.D., Indian Medical Service, Bombay Establishment, officiating Examiner of Medical and Fund Accounts, Bombay, to be Examiner of Medical and Fund Accounts, Bombay, sub. *pro tem.*, *vice* Brigade-Surgeon W. E. Cates, who has been confirmed in the appointment of Deputy Surgeon-General. Dated 15th September, 1887.

No. 841.—PUNJAB FRONTIER FORCE—

2nd Punjab Cavalry.

The following direct appointment is made, with effect from date of joining:

Fakir Muhammad to be Jemadar, on probation, *vice* Jemadar Hazrat Shah, invalided.

No. 842.—STAFF CORPS—

Lieutenant C. C. Leveson-Gower, Royal Warwickshire Regiment, has been appointed on probation to the Bengal Staff Corps, with effect from the 25th August, 1887, and has been posted to a Co. ps under the Government of India.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 843.—The undermentioned officers are granted furlough out of India, with the necessary subsidiary leave:

Captain F. Peel, R.E., Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, Temporary Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, Military Works Department, (p. a.) for one year, under rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

Sub-Conductor W. Ferns, Army Clothing Department, (p. a.) for 213 days, under rule I of the Regulations of 1875.

No. 844.—Surgeon-Major W. A. D. Fasken, M.D., is granted furlough in and out of India, (m. c.) for one year,—125 days under rules IX and XV and the remaining period under rule XIV, clause 2, of the Regulations of 1868,—with effect from the 7th June, 1887.

No. 845.—The undermentioned officers are granted leave out of India under the leave rules for the Staff Corps, with effect from the dates on which they are respectively struck off duty:

Lieutenant-Colonel V. W. Tregear, General List, Infantry, 9th Bengal Infantry, (p. a.) for one year. Pension service,—29th year, commenced 30th June, 1887.

Captain F. D. Welchman, Bengal S. C., 4th Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, (m. c.) for one year. Pension service,—17th year, commenced 30th November, 1886.

Lieutenant C. B. Templer, Bengal S. C., 19th Bengal Lancers, (p. a.) for one year. Pension service,—8th year, commenced 11th August, 1887.

No. 846.—The undermentioned officers have been granted extensions of furlough by the Secretary of State for India:

Colonel M. M. Prendergast, Bengal S. C., (p. a.) for 183 days.

Lieutenant-Colonel C. C. Brownlow, Bengal S. C., (m. c.) for six months.

Lieutenant-Colonel E. H. Steel, Bengal S. C., (p. a.) for 14 days.

Lieutenant-Colonel G. Alexander, Bengal S. C., (m. c.) for two months.

Major L. T. Bishop, Bengal S. C., (m. c.) for six months.

Major H. H. R. Heath, Bengal S. C., (p. a.) for three months.

Major J. A. L. Montgomery, Bengal S. C., (p. a.) for 38 days.

Captain V. A. Schalch, Bengal S. C., (p. a.) for three days.

Lieutenant A. G. Davidson, Bengal S. C., (m. c.) for two months.

Lieutenant J. W. Pringle, R.E., (u. p. a.) without pay, for eight days.

Lieutenant R. T. Crowther, Bengal S. C., (m. c.) for six months.

Surgeon-Major J. E. C. Ferris, (m. c.) for 95 days.

Sub-Conductor P. F. Taylor, Public Works Department, (m. c.) for six months.

No. 847.—With reference to G. G. O. No. 360 of 1887, Lieutenant C. Hamilton, South Wales Borderers, probationer, Bengal S. C., 2nd Bengal Infantry, has been granted by the Secretary of State for India six months' leave out of India under the leave rules for the Staff Corps, with effect from the 12th April, 1887.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 848.—The following extracts are published for general information:

"London Gazette," dated the 16th September, 1887, page 4997.

INDIA OFFICE,
16th September, 1887.

The Queen has approved of the following admissions to the Staff Corps made by the Governments in India:

BENGAL STAFF CORPS.

To be Lieutenants.

Lieutenant Knightley Poyntz Burne, from the Seaforth Highlanders. Dated 1st July, 1884, but to rank from 1st July, 1881.

Lieutenant Arthur John Pressey, from the Suffolk Regiment. Dated 26th June, 1885, but to rank from 28th January, 1882.

Lieutenant William Edward Albemarle Blakeney, from the King's Own Scottish Borderers. Dated 6th December, 1885, but to rank from 10th May, 1882.

Lieutenant John Campbell Sutherland, from the Border Regiment. Dated 3rd June, 1886, but to rank from 25th August, 1883.

Lieutenant John Ewart Waterfield, from the South Wales Borderers. Dated 27th February, 1886, but to rank from 30th January, 1884.

Lieutenant Charles Philip Egerton, from the Cheshire Regiment. Dated 28th November, 1885, but to rank from 6th February, 1884.

Lieutenant Arthur Henry Montagu, from the Suffolk Regiment. Dated 16th March, 1886, but to rank from 14th May, 1884.

* * * * *

ERRATUM.

The date of the rank of Lieutenant Charles Schofield, on admission to the Bengal Staff Corps, is 10th March, 1883, and not 10th May, 1883, as incorrectly notified in the *London Gazette* of 22nd April, 1887.

"London Gazette," dated the 23rd September, 1887, pages 5099 and 5100.

WAR OFFICE,

Pall Mall, 23rd September, 1887.

MEMORANDA.

INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

The undermentioned Officers to be transferred to the Unemployed Supernumerary List:

Major-General Harry Cortlandt Anderson, Bengal. Dated 2nd September, 1887.

Colonel Boyce William Dunlop Morton, Bengal. Dated 24th August, 1887.

Colonel Ernest Augustus Green, Bombay. Dated 28th August, 1887.

Colonel George Wheeler, Bengal. Dated 31st August, 1887.

To be Major-General.

Colonel Henry Moore, C.B., C.I.E., Bombay. Dated 2nd September, 1887.

INDIAN LOCAL SERVICE.

To be Lieutenant-General.

Major-General Robert Blair, Bengal Infantry. Dated 2nd September, 1887.

To be Lieutenant-General on the Unemployed Supernumerary List.

Major-General James Cadogan Parkison Baillie, Bengal Infantry. Dated 2nd September, 1887.

INDIA OFFICE,

23rd September, 1887.

The Queen has approved of the following promotions among the Officers of the Staff Corps

and Indian Military Forces, made by the Governments in India:

BENGAL STAFF CORPS.

To be Lieutenant-Colonels.

Major Charles Denroche Swete. Dated 25th June, 1887.

Major Horace Howell. Dated 26th July, 1887.

To be Majors.

Captain Francis Grant Maltby. Dated 6th July, 1887.

Captain Henry Doveton Hutchinson. Dated 6th July, 1887.

Captain Frederick Robinson Ditmas. Dated 10th July, 1887.

Captain Philip Herman Wallerstein. Dated 13th July, 1887.

Captain and Brevet-Major George Hambley Elliott. Dated 13th July, 1887.

BENGAL INFANTRY.

To be Lieutenant-Colonel.

Major Frederick Schomberg Carr. Dated 26th July, 1887.

* * * * *

MADRAS INFANTRY.

To be Colonel.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Colonel in the Army David Walter Williams. Dated 1st August, 1887.

* * * * *

ERRATUM.

The date of rank of Captain J. C. B. Craster, Bengal Staff Corps, is 13th May, 1887, and not as given in the *London Gazette* of the 14th June, 1887.

"*London Gazette*," dated the 27th September, 1887, page 5266.

WAR OFFICE,

Pall Mall, 27th September, 1887.

MEMORANDA.

Deputy-Commissary and Honorary-Lieutenant Peter Nelson, Bombay Establishment, has been granted the honorary rank of Captain. Dated 6th June, 1887.

The undermentioned Deputy-Assistant Commissaries of the Bombay Establishment, have been granted the honorary rank of Lieutenant:

Thomas William Brumby. Dated 6th June, 1887.

Henry Kerigan. Dated 6th July, 1887.

Deputy-Commissary and Honorary-Captain John Bingham, Bombay Establishment, has been granted the honorary rank of Major, on retirement. Dated 5th June, 1887.

The undermentioned Deputy-Assistant Commissaries and Honorary-Lieutenants, Bengal Establishment, have been granted the honorary rank of Captain on retirement:

Thomas Lee. Dated 17th March, 1887.

John Anderson. Dated 3rd June, 1887.

"*London Gazette*," dated the 30th September, 1887, page 5319.

WAR OFFICE,

30th September, 1887.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to give orders for the following promotion in and appointment to the Most Honourable Order of the Bath:

* * * * *

To be an Ordinary Member of the Civil Division of the Third Class or Companions of the said Most Honourable Order, *vis.*:

Colonel Sir Joseph West Ridgeway, K.C.S.I., Under-Secretary in the Foreign Department of the Government of India, Her Majesty's Commissioner for the Settlement of the North-West Frontier of Afghanistan.

INDIA OFFICE,

17th September, 1887.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to nominate and appoint Major-General Thomas Dennehy, Bengal Retired List, to be a Companion of the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire.

"*London Gazette*," dated the 4th October, 1887, page 5379.

WAR OFFICE,

Pall Mall, 4th October, 1887.

MEMORANDA.

The undermentioned Lieutenant-Colonels to be Colonels:

Edward George Wace, Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 1st July, 1887.

Frederick Kilgour, Madras Staff Corps. Dated 11th July, 1887.

William Scott, Bombay Staff Corps. Dated 20th July, 1887.

Sir William Samuel Seton, Bart., Bombay Staff Corps. Dated 20th July, 1887.

William Frederick Sandwith, Bombay Staff Corps. Dated 20th July, 1887.

Henry Warde Webster, Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 26th July, 1887.

Captain C. E. Yate, C.S.I., Bombay Staff Corps, has been granted the local rank of Lieutenant-Colonel in Afghanistan, whilst employed in the delimitation of the boundary of that country.

Deputy-Assistant Commissary John Rankine Faulds, Bombay Establishment, has been granted the honorary rank of Lieutenant. Dated 15th March, 1887.

INDIA OFFICE,

4th October, 1887.

The Queen has approved of the retirement from the Service of the undermentioned Officers of the Staff Corps and Indian Military Forces:

Colonel Frederick Wheeler, Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 24th September, 1886.

Colonel Stephen William Barrow Sherman, Madras Staff Corps. Dated 1st August, 1887.

Lieutenant-Colonel James Henry Latham Greenfield, Bombay Staff Corps. Dated 30th August, 1887.

Major Alfred Western Hatchell Hornsby-Drake, Madras Staff Corps. Dated 29th September, 1887.

Brigade-Surgeon David William Trimnell, Madras Medical Establishment. Dated 1st August, 1887.

Surgeon-Major William Nolan, M.D., Bombay Medical Establishment. Dated 24th September, 1887.

Surgeon-Major Francis Jones, Bombay Medical Establishment. Dated 1st September, 1887.

The undermentioned Officers have been granted a step of honorary rank on retirement :

To be Major-Generals.

Colonel Frederick Wheeler, Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 24th September, 1886.

Colonel Stephen William Barrow Sherman, Madras Staff Corps. Dated 1st August, 1887.

To be Colonel.

Lieutenant-Colonel James Henry Latham Greenfield, Bombay Staff Corps. Dated 30th August, 1887.

To be Lieutenant-Colonel.

Major Alfred Western Hatchell Hornsby-Drake, Madras Staff Corps. Dated 29th September, 1887.

To be Deputy Surgeons-General.

Brigade-Surgeon James Champion Penny, M.D., Bengal Medical Establishment. Dated 3rd June, 1887.

Brigade-Surgeon David William Trimnell, Madras Medical Establishment. Dated 1st August, 1887.

MEDALS.

No. 849.—His Excellency the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct the publication of the following Horse Guards General Order, for general information :

G. O. No. 114—July, 1887—Medals.

- I. His Highness the Khedive of Egypt having signified his desire to confer his Bronze Star on all the British, Indian, and Colonial troops employed on active service in the Soudan, including the operations in the Nile Valley and also those in the vicinity of Suakin, Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to assent to the proposal, and the Field-Marshal Commanding-in-Chief has it in command to convey Her Majesty's permission that the decoration may be accepted and worn in uniform by those entitled to receive it.
- II. The Star will be of a similar pattern to that granted for the Egyptian campaign (1882), and will bear on it the years 1884-86.
- III. Those who received the Egyptian medal under G. O. 97 of 1885, or G. O. 68 of 1886, and who have not already received a Star for services in 1882 or 1884 will be entitled to the Star now granted.
- IV. Issues will be made in accordance with the rolls which were submitted for the medal.
- V. Heads of Departments, officers commanding regiments of Cavalry, batteries of Artillery, battalions of Infantry, and companies of Royal Engineers, Commissariat and

Transport, and Ordnance Store Corps, will forward to the Adjutant-General nominal rolls, in alphabetical order, of all men entitled to the Star who have become non-effective since the rendering of their medal rolls, stating the cause, whether from death, discharge, or transfer.

VI. The names of men who, under the Royal Warrant relating to pay, have incurred forfeiture of the Star are to be included in the return, the reasons which have rendered them ineligible being stated.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 850.—Under the provisions of the Royal Warrant of the 10th November, 1881, the names of the following officers are moved up on the Indian Gradation List, in consequence of the transfers to the unemployed Supernumerary List of Colonel E. A. Green, Bombay S. C. (whose name is borne on the list of Major-Generals of the Indian Army), on the 28th August, 1887, and Major-General H. C. Anderson, Bengal S. C. (whose name is borne on the list of Lieutenant-Generals of the Indian Army), on the 2nd September, 1887 :

Colonel W. T. Fagan, Bengal S. C., is placed on the list of Major-Generals.

Colonel T. W. Stansfeld, Madras S. C., is placed on the list of Major-Generals, in consequence of the promotion of Major-General R. Blair, Bengal Infantry, *vice* Anderson.

No. 851.—The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval :

BENGAL STAFF CORPS.

To be Captain.

Lieutenant Herbert John James Middleton,—28th October, 1887.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

To be Deputy Surgeon-General.

Brigade-Surgeon John Charles Morice, with effect from the 24th October, 1887, *vice* Deputy Surgeon-General W. Walker, M.D., whose tour of service has expired.

NATIVE ARMY.

15th Bengal Cavalry.

No. 852.—Ressaldar Ghulam Sarwar Khan to be Ressaldar-Major, Ressaidar (Woordie-Major) Niyaz Muhammad Khan to be Ressaldar, and Kot-Duffadar Muhammad Amin Khan to be Ressaidar, *vice* Ressaldar-Major Sarbuland Khan, *Bahadur*, invalided,—with effect from the 6th August, 1887.

Ressaidar Hayatullah Khan to be Woordie-Major, *vice* Niyaz Muhammad Khan, promoted,—with effect from the 6th August, 1887.

5th Bengal Infantry.

No. 853.—Drill-Havildar Kharak Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Jemadar Dewah Singh, deceased,—with effect from the 19th July, 1887.

No. 854.—PUNJAB FRONTIER FORCE—

2nd Sikh Infantry.

Jemadar Dinanath to be Subadar, *vice* Subadar Kanh Singh, transferred to the 37th Bengal Infantry ;

Havildar Jhanda to be Jemadar, *vice* Jemadar Diála, transferred to the 37th Bengal Infantry ;

Havildar Lehna Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Jemadar Dinanāth, promoted,—with effect from the 22nd June, 1887.

No. 855.—ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT—

Sub-Conductors Patrick Murphy and Vincent Phillips, on probation, are confirmed in their present grade from the 1st and 3rd April, 1887, respectively.

No. 856.—VOLUNTEER CORPS—

Mandalay Volunteer Rifles.

Captain Richard Carnac Temple, Bengal S.C., to be Major-Commandant to complete the establishment.

RETIREMENTS.

No. 857.—Lieutenant-Colonel George Michell Devereux Hill, General List, Infantry, is permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the 1st November, 1887, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

No. 858.—Brigade-Surgeon Emanuel Bonavia, M.D., has been permitted to retire from the service,—with effect from the 26th November, 1887, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

REWARDS.

No. 859.—With reference to G. G. O. No. 549 of 1871, His Excellency the Governor-General in Council is pleased to confer on pensioned Quarter-Master Sergeant Owen Burns, late 11th Madras Native Infantry, an annuity of £10 now available, with effect from the 1st January, 1887.

This cancels the grant of the gratuity and medal to pensioned Quarter-Master Sergeant Burns, notified in Madras G. O. C. C., dated 23rd April, 1869.

No. 860.—ORDER OF BRITISH INDIA—

The admission of the undermentioned officers to the 2nd Class of the Order of British India announced in G. G. O. No. 629 of 1887, is ante-dated to the 21st June, 1887, and their seniority will be as follows:

Bengal.

Ressaldar-Major Isrī Singh, *Bahadur*, 19th Bengal Lancers, to stand next above Subadar-Major Buddā, *Bahadur*, Merwara Battalion.

Ressaldar-Major Nūr-ul-Hasan, *Bahadur*, 6th Bengal Cavalry, to stand next above Subadar-Major Gambhīr Lāmā, *Bahadur*, 43rd Bengal Infantry.

Subadar Sheik Imdād Ali, *Bahadur*, Viceroy's Body-Guard, to stand next above Subadar Azīz Khān, *Bahadur*, 1st Punjab Infantry.

Ressaldar Hāfiz Muhammad Nawāz Khān, *Bahadur*, 15th Bengal Cavalry, and

Ressaldar Lāl Singh, *Bahadur*, 14th Bengal Lancers, to stand next above Ressaldar Sapūran Singh, *Bahadur*, 1st Punjab Cavalry.

Ressaidar (Woordie-Major) Lehna Singh, *Bahadur*, 2nd Central India Horse, to stand next below Ressaldar Sapūran Singh, *Bahadur*, 1st Bengal Cavalry.

Madras.

Subadar Bram Khān, *Bahadur*, 4th Madras Light Cavalry, to stand next above Subadar-Major Chendriah, *Bahadur*, 21st Madras Infantry.

Bombay.

Jemadar Kanchan Singh, *Bahadur*, 2nd Bombay Lancers, and

Ressaidar Muhammad Bakhsh, *Bahadur*, 3rd Bombay Cavalry, to stand next below Ressaldar Shaikh Amīr, *Bahadur*, 5th Bombay Cavalry.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

No. 861.—His Excellency the Governor-General in Council has approved of the Mandalay Mounted Volunteer Rifles being in future designated the "Mandalay Volunteer Rifles."

MILITARY WORKS DEPARTMENT.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 862.—The undermentioned officers are appointed Temporary Superintending Engineers, Class III, for such period as may be necessary on account of the execution of Special Defence Works from the dates specified:

Lieutenant-Colonel E. D'O. Twemlow, R.E. Dated 6th September, 1887.

Major N. Arnott, R.E. Dated 17th August, 1887.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 863.—The following promotions and reversions are made in the Engineer Establishment of the Military Works Department, from the dates specified:

Names.	From	To	Nature of promotion, &c.	With effect from
Captain F. B. G. D'Aguilar, R.E.	Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade	Reversion	14th June, 1887.
Captain E. Glennie, R.E.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade	Reversion	14th June, 1887.
Captain S. A. E. Hickson, R.E.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 4th Grade	Reversion	14th June, 1887.
Captain J. G. Day, R.E.	Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, temporary.	Reversion	14th June, 1887.
Lieutenant-Colonel T. O. Wingate, Ben. S. C.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade	Executive Engineer, 1st Grade	Permanent	16th June, 1887.
Captain E. Glennie, R.E.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade	Permanent	16th June, 1887.
Captain S. A. E. Hickson, R.E.	Executive Engineer, 4th Grade	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade	Permanent	16th June, 1887.
Captain J. G. Day, R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, and Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, temporary.	Executive Engineer, 4th Grade	Permanent	16th June, 1887.
Lieutenant H. V. Biggs, R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade	Permanent	30th June, 1887.
Captain F. N. Mande, R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade	Executive Engineer, 4th Grade	Temporary	28th June, 1887.
Lieutenant H. F. Chesney, R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade	Executive Engineer, 4th Grade	Temporary	8th July, 1887.
Lieutenant H. F. Chesney, R.E.	Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, temporary.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade	Reversion	19th July, 1887.
Major S. C. Turner, R.E.	Executive Engineer, 1st Grade	Superintending Engineer, Class III.	Temporary	23rd August, 1887.
Lieutenant H. F. Chesney, R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade	Executive Engineer, 4th Grade	Temporary	23rd August, 1887.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 49.—Mr. B. A. Dougherty, 1st Grade Officer, Her Majesty's Indian Marine, is granted furlough out of India (m. c.) for one year, under rule VII of Marine Circular No. 16 of 1884.

JUDICIAL.

No. 50.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 4 of Act XIV of 1887 (the Indian Marine Act), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to notify that the following rules have been made under the Act and that they shall come into force from the 15th October, 1887 :

1. (1) "Section" in these rules means a section of the Indian Marine Act, 1887; and
- (2) "schedule" means a schedule to these rules.
2. The functions of a commanding officer under section 3 may, by order of that officer, be discharged by the next senior gazetted officer present.
3. The rules of service to be read and explained under section 3, to a person on his enrolment, shall be in the form of Schedule I.
4. The oath to be administered under section 3, to a person on his enrolment shall be in the form of Schedule II.
5. The roll to which that person after taking the oath of allegiance, is to affix his signature or mark, shall be in the form of Schedule III.
6. The prescribed authorities for giving effect to certain provisions of the Indian Marine Act, 1887, shall be the following, namely :
 - (a) in respect of clause (3) of section 38, the Governor-General in Council or the Director of Marine;
 - (b) in respect of section 47, the Director or Deputy-Director of Marine;
 - (c) in respect of section 50, the Deputy-Director of Marine;
 - (d) in respect of clause (4) of section 72, the Director or Deputy-Director of Marine or such gazetted officer as may be nominated by the Governor-General in Council, or by the Director or Deputy-Director of Marine;
 - (e) in respect of sub-section (2) of section 75, the Director or Deputy-Director of Marine, or the commanding officer of the prisoner;
 - (f) in respect of clause (6) of section 82, the Deputy-Director of Marine or, where the value or amount of the property does not exceed one hundred rupees, the commanding officer of the deceased.
7. The prescribed custody mentioned in sub-section (1) and in sub-section (3), clause (b), of section 75, may be Indian marine, or naval or military or civil; or may be partly Indian marine and partly naval, or military or civil.
8. The form mentioned in sub-section (2) of section 75, shall be that prescribed in Schedule IV.
9. The form for summoning a person under section 62, shall be that prescribed in Schedule V.
10. (1) The form of oath to be made under section 56, by the members of an Indian Marine Court shall be as follows, namely :

"I ^{solemnly affirm} swear that I will well and truly try the ^{prisoners} prisoner before the Court according to the evidence, and that I will duly administer justice according to the Indian Marine Act now in force, without partiality, favour or affection; and I further ^{solemnly affirm} swear that I will not divulge the finding or sentence of the Court until it is duly confirmed; and I further ^{solemnly affirm} swear that I will not disclose the opinion of any particular member of the Court; so help me God."

 - (2) The oath shall first be administered by the president to the members collectively, and then by one of the members to the president.
 - (3) The oath to be made by an interpreter shall be as follows, namely :

"I ^{solemnly affirm} swear that I will, to the best of my ability, truly interpret and translate as I shall be required to do, touching the matter before this Court; so help me God."
 - (4) The oath to be made by a witness shall be as follows, namely :

"The evidence which I shall give before this Court shall be the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth; so help me God."
 - (5) In any case where a person makes affirmation in lieu of oath, the words "so help me God" shall be omitted.
 - (6) The forms prescribed in paragraphs (3), (4) and (5) of this rule are to be used in proceedings before a commanding officer exercising jurisdiction under section 43, as well as in proceedings before an Indian Marine Court.
11. (1) A Court may sit at any hour. The hour for assembly shall, in the first instance, be fixed in the convening order; and afterwards, in case of adjournment, the Court itself may fix the hour for re-assembly.
 - (2) Except in case of emergency, a Court shall not sit on Sunday, Christmas Day or Good Friday, or on any other public holiday.
12. (1) A Court may adjourn from time to time; and the adjournments and re-assemblies shall be duly recorded in the proceedings.
 - (2) When the trial has once commenced, the Court should continue the trial from day to day as may be necessary, and should sit usually for six hours a day, unless it appears to the Court that an adjournment is necessary in the interests of justice.
 - (3) The Convening authority may adjourn or prolong the adjournment of a Court in any case where he is of opinion that his duty requires him to intervene for such purpose.
13. (1) Every member of a Court must give his vote on every question which has to be decided

by the Court, and must give his vote as to the sentence, notwithstanding that he may have voted for an acquittal.

(2) The votes shall in all cases be taken from the junior member of the Court upwards.

(3) An officer cannot be added to a Court after the arraignment, and a member who has been absent at any time after arraignment cannot again sit on the Court.

14. (1) A copy of the charge-sheet, with the names of the witnesses for the prosecution endorsed thereon, shall, in all practicable cases, be given to a prisoner twenty-four hours before trial, by a gazetted officer, who shall read and explain the same to him if he cannot read; and he shall be offered the opportunity of giving the names of any witnesses whom he may desire to call; and such witnesses, on their names being given, shall, where practicable, be duly summoned or ordered to attend; and if it appears to the Court on its assembly, or during the trial, that the prisoner is liable to be prejudiced by any non-compliance with the foregoing provisions, it shall adjourn, in order that such action may be taken as will remove all reasonable ground of complaint on the part of the prisoner.

(2) Charges shall be framed, as nearly as circumstances admit, in the forms in Schedule VI.

(3) When a prisoner is warned for trial, he shall be furnished with a list of the names of the officers who are appointed to form the Court by which he is to be tried.

15. A prisoner shall be afforded proper opportunity for preparing his defence, and shall be allowed free communication with his witnesses, not being prisoners about to be tried on the same charge.

16. Where two or more prisoners are ordered to be tried together and any of them desires to call a prisoner as a witness in his defence, the trials may be separate in any case where the convening authority is of opinion that such course is reasonable and proper.

17. All evidence shall be recorded in the presence of the prisoner under trial.

18. (1) For the purpose of enabling a prisoner under trial to explain any circumstance appearing in the evidence, the Court may, through the president, put such questions to him as it considers proper, and may question him generally on the case at any time before the finding.

(2) The prisoner shall not be bound to answer any question so put or be punishable for answering falsely.

19. (1) The proceedings of a Court shall be recorded by the president, or under his direction, by a member of the Court, in the form as nearly as may be of Schedule VII.

(2) The president shall be responsible for the correct record and safe custody of the proceedings, and for order being maintained in Court.

(3) All questions to witnesses by the Court shall be put to them by the president.

(4) When any discussion arises between the members of the Court, the president shall cause the Court to be cleared.

20. The proceedings of a commanding officer exercising jurisdiction under section 43, shall be recorded by that officer in the form as nearly as may be of Schedule VIII.

21. The minor punishments referred to in section 77, may be awarded in accordance with the regulations in Schedule IX.

22. The schedules shall be read and construed as part of these rules.

SCHEDULE I.

RULES OF SERVICE.

(See Rule 3.)

Every person who is enrolled to serve in the Indian Marine Service, undertakes, by signing the roll after taking the oath of allegiance, to serve in any Indian Marine vessel to which he may, from time to time, be appointed, or in any part of the Indian Marine Service on land, in the capacity, rank and rating entered with his consent, in the roll, or in any other capacity, rank and rating in which he may be thereafter ordered to serve by competent authority, for a period of

, or for such further period, not exceeding three months, as may be ordered by the Director of Marine, or, in case of his being employed afloat in operations against the enemy, until the cessation of such operations: provided that, in time of war, he may be detained in the service until the conclusion of the war, if not discharged sooner by competent authority.

SCHEDULE II.

OATH OF ALLEGIANCE.

(See Rule 4.)

"I ^{swear}
^{solemnly affirm} that I will be faithful, and bear true allegiance to Her Majesty the Queen, Empress of India, Her Heirs and Successors, and that I will, as in duty bound, honestly and faithfully defend Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, in Person, Crown and Dignity, against all enemies, and will observe and obey all orders of Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, and of the officers set over me."

SCHEDULE IV.

WARRANT OF IMPRISONMENT ON A SENTENCE OF AN INDIAN MARINE COURT.

(See Rule 8.)

To

THE OFFICER IN CHARGE OF THE PRISON AT

(¹) Rank and name to be entered in full.
(²) Statement of the offence to be entered.

Whereas (¹) day of 18, was by an Indian Marine Court on

(³) The appropriate words to be used.

(⁴) The imprisonment actually awarded to be entered.

(⁵) These words to be omitted if the sentence has not been mitigated.

, and was sentenced on the same date [on the day of 18,] (³) to undergo ^{rigorous} simple imprisonment for (⁴) and whereas the said conviction and sentence has been duly confirmed as required by law [with a mitigation of (⁵)];

This is to authorize and require you, the Officer in charge of the said Prison at , to receive the said into your custody in the said Prison, together with this warrant, and there carry the aforesaid sentence into execution according to law.

Dated this day of 18

(Signature.)

SCHEDULE V.

SUMMONS REQUIRING THE ATTENDANCE OF A WITNESS BEFORE AN INDIAN MARINE COURT.

(See Rule 9.)

To (¹)

(²) Name and address to be entered in full.

I hereby summon and require you, the above-named person, to attend as a witness at an Indian Marine Court to be held on board Her Majesty's Indian Marine Vessel

(³) If held on shore, the place to be entered, and the words "on board Her Majesty's Indian Marine Vessel" to be omitted.

(⁴) These words to be omitted if no document is required.

[at o'clock A.M. [P.M.] on the day of 18, for the trial of] (²) at , and to bring with you the document hereinafter described, (³) and so to attend, with the said document, from day to day, until you shall be duly discharged from attendance.

Dated this day of 18

(Signature.)

Description of document. (³)

SCHEDULE VI.

FORMS OF CHARGES.

(See Rule 14.)

Section 5.

- Being a commanding officer, { (i) upon signal of battle, } not using his utmost exertions to bring
 { on sight of an enemy } his vessel into action;
 { whom it was his duty }
 { to engage; }
 (ii) during an action, in his own person and according to his rank, not encouraging his inferior officers and men to fight courageously;
 (iii) when capable of making a successful defence, surrendering his vessel to the enemy;
 (iv) improperly, in time of action, withdrawing from the fight;

Section 6.

- Being an officer, { from cowardice } (i) forbearing to follow the chase of an enemy { beaten; }
 { from negligence } (ii) not relieving and assisting a known friend in view to { flying; }
 { (from other default) } (iii) improperly forsaking his station;

Section 7.

- (i) When { an action } being commanded { delaying } { the action; }
 { a service } { discouraging } { the service; }
 (ii) In the presence { of the enemy } { deserting his post; }
 In the vicinity { } { sleeping upon his watch; }

Section 8.

From cowardice { when ordered to prepare for } not using his utmost exertions to carry the
 From negligence { action, } orders of his superior officer into execu-
 (From other default) { during an action, } tion;

Section 9.

- (i) Treacherously { holding correspondence with, } the enemy;
 { giving intelligence to }
 (ii) Failing to make known to proper authority information received from the enemy;
 (iii) Relieving the enemy with supplies;

Section 10.

Holding improper communication with the enemy;

Section 11.

Deserting his post;
 Sleeping on his watch;
 Negligently performing a duty imposed on him;

Section 12.

Joining in a mutiny accompanied by violence;
 (a) Traitorously }
 (b) From cowardice } not using his utmost exertions to suppress a mutiny accompanied by violence;
 (c) From negligence }

Section 13.

Being a ringleader in a mutiny not accompanied by violence;
 Joining in }
 Not using utmost exertion to suppress } a mutiny not accompanied by violence;

Section 14.

Endeavouring to { seduce from his } duty } to Her majesty } a person subject to the Indian
 { incite to commit an act of mutiny } allegiance } Marine Act, 1887;

Section 15.

Making } a mutinous assembly;
 Endeavouring to make }
 Leading } a person to join in a mutinous assembly;
 Inciting }
 Uttering words of { sedition;
 { mutiny;

Section 16.

Wilfully concealing { { a traitorous } practice;
 { a mutinous } design;
 { sedition } words spoken against Her Majesty;
 { mutinous }
 { a practice } tending to the hindrance of the service;
 { a design }
 { words }

Section 17.

Striking }
 Attempting to strike } his superior officer being in the execution of office;
 Using violence against } his superior officer;
 Attempting to use violence against }

Section 18.

Wilfully disobeying a lawful command of }
 Using { threatening } language to } his superior officer;
 { insulting }
 Behaving with contempt to }

Section 19.

Desertion { (i) by absenting himself { his vessel, } with the intention of not { vessel;
 from { the place where his } returning to that { place;
 to be, { duty required him }
 (ii) by doing an act when* { vessel } showing an intention of not { vessel;
 absent from his { place of duty } returning to that { place;

Section 20.

Endeavouring to seduce a person subject to the Indian Marine Act, 1887, to desert;

		Section 21.
Improperly leaving his	{ vessel; place of duty;	
		Section 22.
Absence without leave;		
		Section 23.
Drunkenness	{ on boardship; on duty;	
		Section 24.
Cruelty by Scandalous Fraudulent Conduct unbecoming the character of	{ conduct as an officer;	
		Section 25.
Designedly Negligently By a default	{ losing stranding hazarding suffering to be { lost stranded hazarded	a vessel of the Indian Marine Service;
		Section 26.
Being an officer in command of an Indian Marine vessel,	{ receiving permitting to be received	on board that vessel { goods or merchandise
		{ other than for the sole use of that vessel and not being gold, sil- ver or jewels
		and not being goods or mer- { belonging to a merchant { shipwrecked or in im- chandise or on board a vessel minent danger either on the sea or in some port, creek, harbour or river,
		{ and received on board for the purpose of preserv- ing them for their proper owners;
		Section 27.
Wastefully expending Embezzling	{ buying selling receiving wasteful expenditure of embezzlement of fraudulent { purchase of sale of receipt of	{ public ammunition; public provisions; (other public stores);
Fraudulently		
Knowingly permitting		
		Section 28.
Unlawfully set- ting fire to	{ a dockyard a victualling-yard a steam-factory yard an arsenal a magazine a building stores a ship a boat (other craft) the furniture { a ship belonging to { a boat (other craft)	not being the property of an enemy;
		Section 29.
Knowingly Commanding the Counselling the Procuring the Aiding Abetting	{ making signing	a false { muster; record; (other official document);
		Section 30.
Wilfully	{ doing an act disobeying an order	{ in hospital (elsewhere) } with intent to { produce aggravate } a disease; delay his cure; an infirmity;

Feigning { a disease;
an infirmity;
an inability to perform his duty;

Section 31.

Attempting to stir up a disturbance upon the { unwholesomeness of the victuals;
ground of { (upon any other ground);

Section 32.

An act }
A disorder } to the prejudice of good order and discipline;
A neglect }

Section 33.

Not using his utmost exertion
Not assisting the officers for that purpose appointed { to detect, arrest and bring to punishment
an offender against the Indian Marine Act, 1887;

Section 34.

When { summoned
duly { ordered { to attend as a witness
to produce document in his { power control { before { an Indian Marine Court,
refusing } to attend to give his evidence;
neglecting } to produce the document;
behaving with contempt to the { Court;
officer;

Section 35.

When examined upon oath before { an Indian Marine Court,
a commanding officer exercising jurisdiction } intentionally giving
under the Indian Marine Act, 1887, } false evidence;

Charge-sheet.

(Description of prisoner.) The prisoner, Lascar Ali Bakhsh, of Her Majesty's Indian Marine Vessel, *Ajax*,
is charged with—

(Statement of offence.) *First charge.*—Sleeping upon his watch;

(Statement of particulars.) in that
on the 6th June, 1887, on board the Indian Marine Vessel, *Ajax*, he slept upon
his watch during his tour of duty between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock A.M.

Second charge.—Using threatening language to his superior officer;

in that
on the 6th June, 1887, on board the Indian Marine Vessel, *Ajax*, he said to his superior officer, Chief
Syrang, Nur Mahomed, of the Indian Marine Service,—“Take care, I will see about
your business,” or words to that effect.

To be tried by an Indian Marine Court.

Director of Marine.

BOMBAY;
18

SCHEDULE VII.

FORM FOR RECORDING THE PROCEEDINGS OF AN INDIAN MARINE COURT.

(See Rule 19.)

(To be written on one side of the paper only.)

Proceedings of an Indian Marine Court convened by order of (1) and held
on board Her Majesty's Indian Marine Vessel (2) [at
(3) on the 18 for the trial of (4)

who is brought a prisoner before the Court.

The order convening the Court is read and attached to the proceedings.

After challenge offered and declined [disposed of] (5) the Court is constituted as follows,
namely:

(1) The official description to be set out in full, that is, “the Governor-General in Council;” “the Director of Marine;”
“(name and rank) being an officer empowered by warrant of the Governor-General in Council;” or “Commander of Her
Majesty's Indian Marine Vessel.”

(2) Enter name of vessel.

(3) If the trial is held on land, the place to be entered here, and the foregoing words “on board Her Majesty's Indian
Marine Vessel” to be omitted.

(4) Rank and name to be entered in full.

(5) If the prisoner challenges, the form in brackets to be used.

- (4) } president.
 (4) } members.
 (4) appears as prosecutor.
 (4) appears as interpreter.

The president, members [and interpreter] (6) are duly sworn (7).

All witnesses are ordered out of Court.

The charge-sheet is read and attached to the proceedings (8)

Question by president to } Are you guilty or not guilty of the charge [charges] (9) you have
 prisoner. } heard read?

A. (10)

Proceedings on Plea of Not Guilty.

PROSECUTION.

The prosecutor addresses the Court. (11)

1st witness, (12) , being duly sworn, (7) and questioned,
 states—(13)

Cross-examined. (13)

Re-examined. (13)

Examined by Court. (14)

WITNESS WITHDRAWS.

(NOTE.—The examination of all the witnesses for the prosecution will be conducted, as above.)

DEFENCE.

The prisoner addresses the Court. (11)

1st witness, (12) being duly sworn (7), and questioned, states (13)—

Cross-examined (13).

Re-examined (13).

Examined by the Court (14).

WITNESS WITHDRAWS.

(NOTE.—The examination of all the witnesses for the defence will be conducted, as above.)

The prisoner addresses the Court. (11) (15)

The prosecutor addresses the Court. (11) (15)

Proceedings on Plea of Guilty.

The prosecutor informs the Court of the case against the prisoner as follows, namely :—(16)

The Court proceeds to call witnesses. (17)

1st witness, (12) , being duly sworn, and questioned, states (13)—

Cross-examined (13).

Re-examined (13).

Finding on Plea of Not Guilty.

The Court is cleared to record the finding (18)

The Court finds that the prisoner (12) is not guilty
 of the charge [charges] is guilty of the

charge, and is not guilty of the [of the words]
 the charge with the exception that
 did the act [acts, said the words] as alleged in the charge, but was at the time, insane and not
 responsible for his acts [words].

The Court is re-opened and the prisoner is again brought in.

The prisoner's character-roll and record of service are laid before the Court, and a copy is attached
 to the proceedings.

The prisoner asks permission to call witnesses to speak to his character. (19)

(12) being questioned by the prisoner states (13)—

(6) To be used if an interpreter is necessary and ordered to attend.

(7) If a person has religious scruples against taking an oath, he should be affirmed. As a rule, Christians, Jews, Parsis,
 Sikhs and Mahomedans are sworn, and Hindus are affirmed.

(8) The Court should see that the charge sheet is duly signed and dated by, or by order of, the convening authority.
 If the Court finds that the charge-sheet is not duly signed and dated, it should adjourn in view to the signature and date being
 added.

(9) The appropriate word to be used.

(10) The prisoner must plead "guilty" or "not guilty" in respect of each charge; if he answers anything else, or does
 not answer, the Court must record "not guilty". Where charges are in the alternative, the prisoner can plead guilty to only
 one of the alternative charges. If the charges are not in the alternative, and a prisoner pleads guilty to some of them, and not
 guilty to others, the Court should, after recording the pleas, proceed as if the prisoner had pleaded not guilty to all the charges.
 Where two or more prisoners are being tried together, this question and the answer must be put and recorded separately in respect
 of each prisoner.

(11) To be used if an address is made. If the address is read, it should be attached to the proceedings.

(12) Enter full description.

(13) The statement, cross-examination and re-examination are to be recorded at length in narrative form.

(14) The Court may put questions at any time, but it is advisable not to put them till the conclusion of the cross-examina-
 tion and re-examination, if any. The Court, after the cross-examination and re-examination, if any, are concluded may put any
 question it thinks proper that the prisoner may suggest. The Court may re-call and examine a witness at any time before the
 finding.

(15) If the prisoner has not called witnesses, the prosecutor, if he addresses the Court, must do so before the prisoner makes
 his closing address.

(16) The prosecutor should give an impartial statement of the case, sufficient to put the Court in possession of the facts.

(17) The Court may of its own motion, and must, at the request of the prisoner, stop the prosecutor, and call witnesses to
 facts in the ordinary way as on a plea of not guilty.

(18) The appropriate form to be used. The finding must be in such terms as to clearly convict or acquit of every charge, or
 part of a charge. Any variance between the allegations in a charge and the proof may be rectified in the finding, for example,
 the Court may find that the date of offence was the 16th June, 1887, and not the 15th, as stated in the charge; and so as to
 variances in persons' names, and in places, and in values. But the Court cannot correct by its finding an error in a charge that
 would result in finding a prisoner guilty of an offence different from that on which he is arraigned.

(19) Such a request should generally be granted if the witnesses are in attendance. They should not be sworn.

Proceedings on Plea of Guilty.

(A finding to be recorded as above, and evidence taken as to character and service, and the statement of any witness to character called by the prisoner to be recorded.)

The prisoner addresses the Court in mitigation of punishment, as follows: (20)

Sentence. (21)

The Court is cleared to record the sentence.

The Court sentences the prisoner (12)

- (a) { be dismissed with disgrace from the Indian Marine Service [and to undergo (rigorous) (simple) imprisonment for (calendar months) (days): (calendar months) (days) of the said imprisonment to be rigorous (22).] (23)
- (b) { undergo imprisonment for [and to be disgrated (24) to (27)]. (22),
- (c) be dismissed from the Indian Marine Service.
- (d) lose seniority as an officer for (25).
- (e) be dismissed from Her Majesty's Indian Marine Vessel (26).
- (f) be severely reprimanded.
- (g) be reprimanded.
- (h) be disgrated to (27).
- (i) forfeit (28) the bounty, salvage, prize-money, allowances earned by him.
- (j) forfeit (28) all his annuities, pensions, gratuities, medals and decorations.

Recommendation to Mercy. (29)

Signed on board Her Majesty's Indian Marine Vessel [at] (3) this day of 18 .

President.

Revision. (30)

The Court having read and considered the above reasons for a revision of the [finding and] sentence, does now adhere to its [finding and] sentence.

, does now revoke its former [finding and] sentence.

Revised Finding. (18)

The Court finds that the prisoner (13)

Revised Sentence. (21)

The Court sentences the prisoner (12)

(Recommendation to mercy, if any, and subscription to follow as in the form above).

Confirmation.

- (a) Confirmed. (31)
- (b) I confirm the finding; the sentence is not confirmed. (32)
- (c) I confirm the finding on the charge only, and the sentence is confirmed. (33)
- (d) Confirmed; I reduce the punishment to
- (e) Confirmed; I commute the punishment to
- (f) I confirm the finding, and vary the form of the sentence so that it shall stand as follows, namely, (34), and I confirm the sentence as so varied.
- (g) I confirm the finding and substitute for the sentence above the following sentence, namely, (34), and I confirm the sentence so substituted.

Signed on board Her Majesty's Indian Marine Vessel [at] this day of 18 .

Subsidiary Order (35).

- (a) The prisoner is to return to his duty.
- (b) The prisoner is to be struck off the strength of Her Majesty's Indian Marine Service [the books of Her Majesty's Indian Marine Vessel (26)] from the day of 18 [this date].
- (c) The prisoner will be made over with the prescribed warrant of commitment, to the officer in charge of the prison.

(20) The purport of what the prisoner states should be recorded. If the address is in writing it should be attached to the proceedings.

(21) The Court should use the appropriate form, and be careful not to duplicate punishment in a manner not sanctioned by section 38 of the Indian Marine Act, 1887.

(22) No sentence of imprisonment can exceed two years; it may be wholly rigorous or wholly simple, or partly rigorous and partly simple. Imprisonment, if not awarded in years, should be awarded in calendar months or in days.

(23) Imprisonment may be joined to dismissal with disgrace.

(24) In the case of any person below the rank of "gazetted officer," disgrating may be joined to imprisonment.

(25) The period to be entered. If the prisoner is to lose seniority by being placed lower in the list of his rank, the number of places in the list should be entered.

(26) Name of vessel.

(27) Position to which disgrated.

(28) The Court can award all or any of these forfeitures as a substantive punishment. In the case of a sentence of dismissal with disgrace, these forfeitures are involved in the dismissal, and should not be awarded in the sentence.

(29) The reasons for the recommendation should be set out.

(30) The reasons for requiring revision will be recorded by, or by order of, the confirming authority, and will be signed and dated. The confirming authority may suggest revision of the sentence only, but if he requires a revision of the finding, both finding and sentence must be revised if the finding is revised by the Court.

(31) This form of disposal includes both finding and sentence.

(32) In this case the conviction will remain against the prisoner and be entered in his record of service.

(33) The charge or charges which are not included in the confirmation will not be entered in the prisoner's record of service.

(34) The varied or substituted sentence only will be entered in the committal warrant and prisoner's record of service.

(35) This order is to be entered by, or by order of, the confirming authority, and is to be signed and dated.

SCHEDULE VIII.

FORM FOR RECORDING THE PROCEEDINGS OF A COMMANDING OFFICER EXERCISING JURISDICTION UNDER SECTION 43.

(See Rule 20.)

(To be written on one side of the paper only.)

(1) Name of vessel.

(2) Warrants are to be numbered consecutively in a single series.

(3) Rank and name of accuser.

(4) To be used when the offence has been committed in the presence of the commanding officer, and (3) to be then omitted.

(5) Enter offence, which must be one triable by an Indian Marine Court under section 41.

(6) Position and name of accused.

(7) Imprisonment may be either rigorous or simple, or partly rigorous and partly simple.

(8) The term must not exceed fourteen days.

(9) Position to which disrated.

(10) If the commanding officer witnessed the offence, then enter here the name of an officer attending at the investigation, and omit the preceding words "and the accuser."

(11) The witnesses should be sworn or affirmed. But witnesses will here be unnecessary if the commanding officer witnessed the offence.

(12) Position and names of the witnesses.

(13) To be used if the accused calls witnesses. The witnesses, if any, must be sworn or affirmed.

(14) To be used if there are previous convictions.

(15) If the trial is on land, these words to be omitted, and the place to be entered.

(16) "At sea" or at the port where the vessel may be.

(17) The name of the officer attending as in (10).

Her Majesty's Indian Marine Vessel (1)

Warrant No. (2); date 18

For imprisonment [disrating].

WHEREAS it has been represented to me by (3) [I did observe] (4) that on the day of 18,

Name.

Age.

Rating.

Reference No.

Date of joining vessel.

Date of enrolment.

Character.

did (5)

I do hereby adjudge that the said (6)

undergo rigorous imprisonment (7) for (8)

be disrated to (9)

Before awarding the above punishment I did this day, personally and publicly, in the presence of the accused and the accuser [grade officer] (10) investigate the matter, and having heard the evidence and of (12)

(11) of (12)

in support of the charge, as well as what the accused had to offer in his defence, and the evidence (13) of

and of whom he called in his defence, I did consider the charge proved, and [taking into consideration that offence recorded against him] (14) did adjudge this is the

him to be punished as above.

Given under my hand on board Her Majesty's Indian Marine Vessel (15) at (16), this day of

18.

(17)

Grade Officer.

Commander.

Former Offences.

Date.	Offence.	Punishment.

[NOTE.—Enter in first warrant for any man in each quarter, all offences during the last six months (if he has been in the vessel); for any previous time, only offences punished by warrant. If a man is punished by warrant more than once in any quarter, only offences committed after date of first warrant need appear, a reference being given to date of first warrant.]

SCHEDULE IX.

REGULATIONS RESPECTING MINOR PUNISHMENTS UNDER SECTION 77.

(See rule 21).

1. A commanding officer may award any one or more of the following minor punishments, namely:

(1) in respect of a person below the position of warrant-officer—

(a) disrating, which may be to the rating of a fourth class lascar or fourth class stoker, but not to any lower rating;

(b) confinement to his vessel, or stoppage of leave for any period, not exceeding twenty-eight days;

(c) stoppage of pay for every day of absence without leave, or of overstaying leave:

NOTE.—A person shall be regarded as absent without leave for one day when he has been so absent for six consecutive hours, whether wholly in one day or partly in one day and partly in another.

The day or days during which a person is incapacitated from performing his duty by reason of intoxication or the after results of intoxication, may be treated as a day or days of absence without leave.

(d) reprimand in the case of a petty officer, and admonition in the case of a person below that position :

(2) in respect of a person below the position of petty officer—

(e) carrying hammock or bag for one hour at a time ;

NOTE.—This punishment is only to be awarded for misconduct in connection with clothes hammocks and bags, and is not to be awarded for more than three days or for more than two hours each day.

(f) extra lee wheel ;

NOTE.—This punishment is only to be awarded for idleness or inattention aloft, or on duty, or for slackness in boats, and is not to extend over the duration of the watch in which it is awarded.

(g) to stand on the quarter-deck for two hours at a time for any period not exceeding seven days.

2. A commanding officer may delegate to the senior gazetted officer present under his command, authority to award all or any of the minor punishments mentioned in clauses (e), (f) and (g) of regulation 1.

3. A commanding officer may delegate to the officer of the watch, authority to award the punishment mentioned in clause (f) of that regulation.

4. A punishment shall be calculated as having commenced from the time when it is awarded.

5. The punishments mentioned in clauses (e), (f) and (g) of Regulation 1 shall not be carried out on Sunday.

6. The award of every minor punishment shall be entered in the defaulter-book by the commanding officer, either at the time it is made, or not later than the following day, and shall be verified by his initials.

RESIGNATIONS.

No. 51.—Mr. David Mill, Assistant Engineer, Her Majesty's Indian Marine, is permitted to resign the service, with effect from 25th October, 1887.

No. 52.—Mr. R. H. Thompson, 1st Grade Officer, Her Majesty's Indian Marine, is permitted to resign the service.

E. H. H. COLLEN, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 28th October, 1887.

Statement of Deposits on account of Estates between the 22nd and the 28th October, 1887.

On whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	Date of decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Total unclaimed amount deposited.	Amount paid in India.	Date to which claims will be received.
Allen Arthur Robert Balfour.	Lieutenant	1st Battalion The King's Own Yorkshire Light Infantry.	10th November, 1886.	...	Rs. a. p. 285 0 0		

E. H. H. COLLEN, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 21st October, 1887.

No. 325.—With reference to Public Works Department Notification No. 264, dated 18th August, 1887, Mr. W. E. Curry, Officiating Deputy Examiner of Accounts, Assam State Railway, on being relieved by Mr. C. Sowerby, Deputy Examiner, is posted to the Office of the Examiner of Accounts, North-Western Railway.

The 22nd October, 1887.

No. 326.—Mr. C. C. Harold, Examiner of Accounts, Sind-Pishin State Railway, is granted furlough on private affairs for two years, under Section 132 of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from such date as he may be relieved.

No. 327.—Mr. W. F. O'Donoghue, Officiating Examiner of Guaranteed Railway Accounts, Madras, is appointed Examiner of Accounts, Sind-Pishin State Railway.

No. 328.—Mr. A. C. Newcombe, Examiner of Accounts, is appointed to officiate as Examiner of Guaranteed Railway Accounts, Madras, during the absence of Major J. S. Biscoe, B.S.C., or until further orders.

The 24th October, 1887.

No. 329.—Mr. G. B. Reynolds, Class II, Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, Locomotive Department, is transferred from the Establishment under the control of the Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces, to that under the Director-General of Railways.

No. 330.—Mr. E. H. Stone, Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, State Railways, is transferred from the Establishment under the Government of Bombay to that under the Director-General of Railways.

The 25th October, 1887.

No. 331.—The services of Mr. F. Lang, Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, sub. *pro tem.*, on

his return from furlough are placed at the disposal of the Bengal-Nagpur Railway Company.

No. 332.—The undermentioned officers are transferred from Assam to Burma Provincial Establishment:

Captain R. O. Lloyd, R.E., Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.

Mr. H. Kench, Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, *temporary rank.*

The 26th October, 1887.

No. 333.—With reference to Public Works Department Notification No. 215, dated the 1st July, 1887, Mr. H. Bell, Chief Engineer, 3rd Class, *temporary rank*, State Railways, is transferred from the Establishment under the control of the Director-General of Railways to that under the Government of Bengal.

No. 334.—Mr. R. A. English, Examiner of Accounts, attached to the Office of the Accountant-General, Public Works Department, is granted furlough for twelve months from the 30th November, or such subsequent date as he may be permitted to avail himself of it under Section 50 of the Civil Leave Code.

No. 335.—With reference to Public Works Department Notification No. 243, dated the 29th July, 1887, and No. 333 of this date, Mr. H. Bell is reappointed Engineer-in-Chief and Manager of the Tirhoot State Railway.

The 28th October, 1887.

No. 336.—Mr. G. W. MacGeorge, Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class, *temporary rank*, and Deputy Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Railways, Lucknow, is appointed to officiate as Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Railways, Lucknow, during the absence on privilege leave of Colonel T. F. Dowden, R.E., or until further orders.

R. C. B. PEMBERTON, Colonel, R.E.,

Secretary to the Government of India.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 45.

SIMLA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1887.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

CONTENTS.

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PART II.—Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, Administrator General, Paper Currency Department, Presidency Pay Master, Money Order Department, Mint Master, Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Bengal, Superintendent of Government Printing, and other Government Officers; Postal, Telegraph, and Commissariat Notices.

PART III.—Advertisements and Notices by private individuals and Corporations.

PART IV.—Acts of the Governor-General's Council assented to by the Governor-General:—

Nothing for Publication.

PART V.—Bills introduced into the Council of His Excellency the Governor-General for making Laws and Regulations, or published under Rule 22 or Rule 25:—

Nothing for Publication.

PART VI.—Abstract of the Proceedings of the Council of the Governor-General of India, assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations:—

Nothing for Publication.

SUPPLEMENT No. 45.

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.—PUBLIC.

Simla, the 31st October, 1887.

No. 2504.—Under the provisions of Section 9 of the Statute 24 and 25 Victoria, Cap. 67, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that His Excellency's Council shall assemble at Calcutta in the jurisdiction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

The 1st November, 1887.

No. 2520.—Her Majesty's Warrant of Precedence dated the 18th October, 1876, published with the Table and Supplementary* Graded List under Home Department Notification No. 2032, dated the 1st November, 1877, directs "all other persons who may not

"be mentioned in this Table to take rank according to general usage, which is to be explained and determined by the Governor-General in Council in case any question shall arise." In exercise of the power thus conferred on him, His Excellency the Governor-General in Council is pleased to determine that when more than one Financial Commissioner has been appointed under Section 7 (1) of Act XVII. of 1887 (The Punjab Land Revenue Act),

each officer so appointed shall be held to be included in entry No. 30 of the Table.

The 3rd November, 1887.

No. 2523.—The following Despatch from Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India is published for general information:

No. 118 (Public), dated India Office, London, 29th September, 1887.

From—Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India,
To—The Government of India.

I have laid before Her Majesty the Queen, Empress of India, the letter from Your Excellency in Council dated the 6th ultimo, No. 47, with its enclosures, reporting the measures taken in India in celebration of the fiftieth anniversary of Her Majesty's reign.

2. I am commanded to state that Her Majesty has read these papers with great interest, and that Her Majesty duly appreciates the devotion and loyalty of all those who took part in the proceedings of the 16th of February last.

MEDICAL.

The 2nd November, 1887.

No. 630.—The services of Surgeon F. S. Peck are placed permanently at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

No. 78.—The services of Surgeon-Major J. O'M. McDonnell, M.D., Indian Medical Service,

are placed at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab.

No. 80.—The services of Surgeon G. Shewan, M.B., Indian Medical Service, are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Burma for employment as Civil Surgeon of Mandalay, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved of his military duties in Upper Burma.

JUDICIAL.

The 1st November, 1887.

No. 1760.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 527 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct the transfer of the Criminal Cases specified below from the Court of the Judicial Commissioner of Oudh to the High Court of the North-Western Provinces:

Charge.

No. 22 (Capital Sentence Register).	Queen-Empress versus Udit, accused.	Sec. 302, Indian Penal Code.
No. 208 (Criminal Appeal Register).	Udit, appellant, versus Queen-Empress, respondent.	Sec. 302, Indian Penal Code.
No. 214 (Criminal Appeal Register).	Chedan, appellant, versus Queen-Empress, respondent.	Sec. 460, Indian Penal Code.
No. 215 (Criminal Appeal Register).	Puncham, appellant, versus Queen-Empress, respondent.	Sec. 460, Indian Penal Code.

POLICE.

The 31st October, 1887.

No. 367.—The services of Captain P. G. Huggins, 21st Madras Infantry, Commandant Burma Military Police Battalion, Yeu, are placed at the disposal of the Military Department.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

The 28th October, 1887.

No. 340.—The Reverend M. E. Mills, Senior Chaplain on the Bengal Establishment, has obtained furlough for one year and seven months, with effect from the 17th proximo, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same, together with the usual subsidiary leave.

PATENTS.

The 31st October, 1887.

No. 1408.—Specifications of the undermentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of Act XV of 1859, in the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department. Copies have been sent to one of the Secretaries to each of the Governments of Bengal, Fort St. George, Bombay, and the North-Western Provinces. A copy of every specification is open to public inspection, at all reasonable hours, at the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department at the Presidency, upon payment of a fee of one Rupee. A certified copy of any specification will be given to any person requiring the same on payment of the expense of copying.—

No. 63 of 1887—Everard Richard Calthrop, of Malabar Hill, Bombay, Noor Mahomed Khan, of Bombay, and Tajbhoj

Abdool Hoosain, of Bombay, for an improved apparatus or means of extracting or expressing oil, juices or other fluids from substances containing them.

No. 115 of 1887.—William Macnab, Senior, Engineer, and William Macnab, Junior, Analytical Chemist, both of 74, Windsor Road, Forest Gate, in the County of Essex, England, and James Donald, of Paisley, in the County of Renfrew, North Britain, Engineer, for improvements in apparatus for separating by subsidence solid matters from the liquids in which they are suspended.

No. 124 of 1887.—Edmundson Scholes, of Hollinwood, in the County of Lancaster, England, Corn Miller, for improvements in apparatus for cleansing and drying grain, seeds, and other substances.

No. 146 of 1887.—The Grant Envelope Machine Company, Limited, of London, England, for improvements in Envelope machines.

No. 150 of 1887.—Percival Everitt, of London, England, Engineer, for improvements in completing electric circuits.

No. 159 of 1887.—Charles Maries, of Durbungah, in the Province of Bengal, Horticulturist, for a new, cheaper and more efficient process of extracting and preparing thea fibre.

A. P. MACDONNELL,

Secretary to the Government of India.

REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.—FORESTS.

Simla, the 2nd November, 1887.

No. 1057-F.—Consequent on the return from Ceylon of Mr. R. H. E. Thompson, Deputy Conservator of Forests, 1st Grade, Central Provinces, Mr. J. C. McDonnell, Deputy Conservator of the 1st Grade, substantive *pro tempore*, in the Punjab, will revert to his substantive appointment of Deputy Conservator, 2nd Grade, with effect from the 26th October, 1887.

The 4th November, 1887.

No. 1060-F.—Mr. L. A. W. Rind, Officiating Deputy Conservator of Forests of the 3rd Grade in Berar, is transferred to Upper Burma as a substantive Deputy Conservator of the 3rd Grade, with effect from the date on which he reports himself for duty to the Conservator of Forests, Upper Burma.

No. 1072-F.—Consequent on the return from privilege leave of Mr. B. Ribbentrop, Officiating Inspector-General of Forests, the following reversions will take place, with effect from the 1st November, 1887:

Lieutenant-Colonel F. Bailey, R.E., Acting Inspector-General of Forests,—to Officiating Conservator, 1st Grade, Punjab.

Mr. G. Mann, Officiating Conservator, 1st Grade, Assam,—to Officiating Conservator, 2nd Grade.

Mr. C. Bagshawe, Officiating Conservator, 2nd Grade, Central Circle, North-Western Provinces and Oudh,—to Officiating Conservator, 3rd Grade.

Mr. A. E. Wild, Officiating Conservator, 3rd Grade, Punjab,—to Deputy Conservator, 2nd Grade.

E. C. BUCK,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 29th October, 1887.

No. 1986-G.—Lieutenant-Colonel W. A. Salmon, Bombay Staff Corps, Joint-Administrator of Sangli, and Political Agent in Cutch, substantive *pro tempore*, is appointed to be Assistant to the Governor-General's Agent at Baroda, in charge of the Okhamandal district, and Commandant of the Wagheer Corps, with effect from the date of assuming charge, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel W. Scott, whose services are hereby replaced at the disposal of the Military Department.

No. 1990-G.—Lieutenant-Colonel W. F. Prideaux, Political Agent of the 1st Class, has been appointed Agent to the Governor-General in Council for the affairs of the late King of Oudh, and for the purposes of Act XIX of 1887.

The 1st November, 1887.

No. 1996-G.—Lieutenant-Colonel W. J. W. Muir, Political Agent of the 1st Class, is posted as Political Agent in Bhopawar.

No. 1998-G.—Major J. H. Newill, Officiating Political Agent of the 2nd Class, is temporarily posted as Superintendent of Operations for the Control of the Moghyas.

No. 4742-I.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to extend to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts the provisions, so far as they may be applicable, of the Indian Explosives Act, IV of 1884, subject to the following modifications, namely:

- (a) In section 1, subsection (2), for the words "whole of British India" the words "Hyderabad Assigned Districts" shall be read.
- (b) In section 2, subsection (1), for the words "on such day as the Governor-General in Council by notification in the *Gazette of India* appoints" the words "on the first day of January 1888" shall be read.
- (c) In section 4, subsection (6), for the words "British India by sea or land" the words "the Hyderabad Assigned Districts" shall be read.
- (d) For the first thirty-six words of section 5, subsection (1), the words "The Resident at Hyderabad, with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, may" shall be read.
- (e) In section 7, subsection (1), for the words "Governor-General in Council or the Local Government," and in section 9, subsection (1), for the words "Local Government," the words "Resident at Hyderabad" shall be read.
- (f) For section 18, subsection (5), the following shall be read, namely:
" (5) A rule made under this Act shall not take effect until it has been published in the Hyderabad Residency Orders."
- (g) In section 18, subsection (6), for the word "Gazette" the words "Hyderabad Residency Orders" shall be read.

The 2nd November, 1887.

No. 2007-G.—Lieutenant W. C. R. Stratton, Officiating Political Assistant of the 1st Class, is posted as an Assistant to the Governor-General's Agent in Rajputana.

The 3rd November, 1887.

No. 2012-G.—With reference to Foreign Department Notification, No. 1341-G, dated the 22nd July, 1887, the recognition of the appointment by the Government of India of Monsieur V. J. deCloset, as Consular Agent for Italy at Madras, has been confirmed by Her Majesty's Government.

No. 2023-G.—Captain A. F. DeLaessoe, C.M.G., C.I.E., is appointed to be a Political Assistant of the 3rd Class, and to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd Class. Captain DeLaessoe is posted as Cantonment Magistrate at Nasirabad, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

The 4th November, 1887.

No. 2028-G.—The following reversions are made in the Graded List of the Political Department, with effect from the date on which Sir L. H. Griffin, K.C.S.I., C.S., resumed charge of his duties as a Resident of the 1st Class, and as Governor-General's Agent in Central India:

Colonel P. W. Bannerman, from Resident of the 1st Class, and Governor-General's Agent in Central India, substantive *pro tempore*, to Resident of the 2nd Class, and Resident at Gwalior.

Major D. W. K. Barr, from Resident of the 2nd Class, and Resident at Gwalior, substantive *pro tempore*, to Additional Political Agent of the 1st Class, and Political Agent in Baghelkhand and Superintendent of the Rewah State.

(h) The following shall be omitted :

Section 3; in section 6 subsection (2); in section 9 subsection (3); section 11; in section 13 the words "or port", "ship" and "or conservator of the port"; and section 15.

No. 4743-1.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to extend to the Cantonment of Secunderabad the provisions, so far as they may be applicable, of the Indian Explosives Act, IV of 1884, subject to the following modifications, namely :

- (a) In section 1, subsection (2), for the words "whole of British India" the words "Cantonment of Secunderabad" shall be read.
- (b) In section 2, subsection (1), for the words "on such day as the Governor-General in Council by notification in the *Gazette of India* appoints" the words "on the first day of January 1838" shall be read.
- (c) In section 4, subsection (6), for the words "British India by sea or land" the words "the Cantonment of Secunderabad" shall be read.
- (d) For the first thirty-six words of section 5, subsection (1), the words "The Resident at Hyderabad, with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, may" shall be read.
- (e) In section 7, subsection (1), for the words "Governor-General in Council or the Local Government" the words "Resident at Hyderabad" shall be read.
- (f) In section 9, subsection (1), for the words "a District Magistrate, Subdivisional Magistrate, or any other Magistrate specially empowered by the Local Government in this behalf" the words "the Cantonment Magistrate of Secunderabad" shall be read.
- (g) For section 18, subsection (5), the following shall be read, namely :
 "(5) A rule made under this Act shall not take effect until it has been published in the Hyderabad Residency Orders."
- (h) In section 18, subsection (6), for the word "Gazette" the words "Hyderabad Residency Orders" shall be read.
- (i) The following shall be omitted :
 Section 3; in section 6 subsection (2); in section 9 subsection (3); section 11; in section 13 the words "or port", "ship" and "or conservator of the port"; and section 15.

No. 4760-1.—Whereas the Rulers or Administrators of the States mentioned in the second column of the Schedule hereto annexed have ceded to the British Government the civil and criminal jurisdiction exercised by them within those portions of land which lie within the villages of their States mentioned opposite their names respectively in the third column of that Schedule, and are occupied or may be hereafter occupied by the sections of the Southern Mahratta Railway system mentioned opposite their names respectively in the first column of that Schedule (including the lands occupied as stations, out-buildings and for other railway purposes);

And whereas the Governor-General in Council has now full civil and criminal jurisdiction in the aforesaid portions of land;

In exercise of this jurisdiction, and of the powers conferred by sections 4 and 5 of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act, 1879, and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to issue the following orders :

1. The provisions, so far as they may be applicable, of all laws for the time being in force in the districts of the Bombay Presidency mentioned in the fourth column of the Schedule hereto annexed are hereby extended to such portions of the aforesaid lands as are situate within the villages and the States mentioned opposite the names of those districts in the second and third columns of that Schedule respectively.
2. The Governor of Bombay in Council and all officers of the Government subordinate to him exercising authority in the said districts may respectively exercise within the said portions of the aforesaid lands the same executive powers as they may respectively exercise within the British territories subject to their administration or control.
3. All British Courts having jurisdiction within the said districts shall have within the said portions of the aforesaid lands the jurisdiction which they respectively have within the said districts.
4. The administration of the police within the whole of the aforesaid lands shall be vested in the Superintendent of Police of the Southern Mahratta Railway, who shall have within each portion of the aforesaid lands which is situate within a village of a State mentioned in the second and third columns of that Schedule the same police powers as may be exercised by a District Superintendent of Police under any law for the time being in force in the district mentioned

opposite the name of that village and State in the fourth column of that Schedule, subject to the control and direction of, and in subordination to, the same authorities to whom any such District Superintendent of Police would be subordinate in respect of the powers so exercised by him in that district.

5. The said portions of the aforesaid lands shall be deemed to be included within the local limits of the jurisdiction of such Subordinate Judges having jurisdiction within the said districts and within such taluqas or other subdivisions of the said districts respectively as the Governor of Bombay in Council may from time to time, by notification in the Bombay Government Gazette, direct in this behalf.

THE SCHEDULE.

Sections of the Southern Mahratta Railway.	States.	Villages in the States.	Districts of the Bombay Presi- dency.
1	2	3	4
I.—West Dekkhan Line.	Phaltan	... Kapadgaon	... Sátára.
	Do.	... Salpa	... Do.
	Do.	... Tambwe	... Do.
	Do.	... Hingangaon	... Do.
	Do.	... Adarki Khurd	... Do.
	Do.	... Koparde	... Do.
	Aundh	... Bichud	... Do.
	Do.	... Kundal	... Do.
	Do.	... Virawde	... Do.
	Jamkhandi	... Shirawde	... Do.
	Sángli	... Tupari	... Do.
	Do.	... Ghogav	... Do.
	Do.	... Dudhondi	... Do.
	Do.	... Nandre	... Do.
	Do.	... Sàngli	... Belgaum.
	Do.	... Mhaisál	... Do.
	Do.	... Ugár Khurd	... Do.
	Do.	... Tumbarguddi	... Do.
	Do.	... Yadalbhavihatti	... Do.
	Do.	... Kalkhamb	... Do.
	Do.	... Jhad Sháhápúr	... Do.
	Do.	... Karnol	... Do.
	Do.	... Khangav Khurd	... Do.
	Do.	... Khangav Budruk	... Do.
	Do.	... Chandur	... Do.
	Miraj (Junior)	... Budgaon	... Do.
	Miraj (Senior)	... Miraj	... Do.
	Do.	... Wuddi	... Do.
	Do.	... Narvad	... Do.
	Kolhapur	... Chinchli	... Do.
	Do.	... Morab	... Do.
	Do.	... Ráybág	... Do.
	Do.	... Nagral	... Do.
	Do.	... Hubarhatti	... Do.
	Do.	... Budihal	... Do.
	Do.	... Mavinhuda	... Do.
	Do.	... Bambul	... Do.
	Kurundvád (Senior)	... Angal	... Do.
		... Budhiháll	... Do.
	Kurundvád (Junior)	... Yellur	... Do.
	Do.	... Majgaum	... Do.
	Do.	... Sulga	... Do.
	Do.	... Dawunkutti	... Do.
II.—East Dekkhan Line.	Akalkot	... Sular Jawaige	... Sholápur.
	Do.	... Kegaon Khurd	... Do.
	Do.	... Kegaon Budruk	... Do.
	Do.	... Tadval	... Do.
	Do.	... Khánápúr	... Do.
	Sángli	... Lachan	... Bijápur.
	Rámdrug	... Somankatti	... Dhárwár.
	Do.	... Asoti	... Do.

THE SCHEDULE—*contd.*

Sections of the Southern Mahratta Railway.	States.	Villages in the States.	Districts of the Bombay Presi- dency.
1	2	3	4
III.—Southern Ex- tension.	Jamkhandi	Pur	Dhárwár.
	Do.	Kundgol	Do.
	Do.	Sirúr	Do.
	Do.	Kamdoli	Do.
	Do.	Sawshi	Do.
	Miraj (Junior)	Gudgeri	Do.
	Savanúr	Honnikop	Do.
	Do.	Tondur	Do.

H. M. DURAND,

*Secretary to the Government of India.*DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND
COMMERCE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

PUBLIC DEBT.

Simla, the 28th October, 1887.

No. 5750.—In modification of the Rule laid down in the Notification of this Department, No. 67, dated 16th April, 1881, authorising the payment to the heirs of a deceased officer of the salary due to him to the extent of Rs. 200 in each case, after such enquiry into the rights and title of the claimants as the Collector or other officer responsible for the payment may

deem sufficient, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the limit of the amount which may be so paid be increased from Rs. 200 to Rs. 500. In the event, however, of the existence of any reasonable doubt as to the claim or title of the heirs of the deceased, the payment should be withheld.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

The 28th October, 1887.

No. 5777.—Mr. M. H. Oung, Assistant Comptroller-General, having been granted privilege leave for one month and twenty-four days, availed himself of the same on the forenoon of the 18th October, 1887.

CODES.

The 31st October, 1887.

No. 5801.

CIVIL LEAVE CODE.

Page 193.

SECTION 127.

Exception (7).

Add the following after the word "misconduct" in the eighth line of this Exception:

"It may be granted without prejudice to privilege leave, and in continuation of privilege leave, or *vice versa*."

Exception (8).

Cancel from "at the discretion" in line 3 to "calendar year" in line 10, and substitute the following:

"be allowed leave as follows at the discretion of the Manager:

- (1) Privilege leave on full pay to the extent of one month in twelve, irrespective of the conditions laid down in Section 74. Any subordinate may, however, be permitted to exercise the option of allowing his privilege leave to accumulate up to three months under the usual conditions regarding such accumulation.

- (2) Leave on medical certificate on half pay to the extent of 60 days in one calendar year, provided that the illness has not been caused by misconduct. This leave may be granted without prejudice to privilege leave, and in continuation of privilege leave, or *vice versa*.
- (3) In the case of deserving men, the Manager may extend the leave on medical certificate admissible under clause (2) to a maximum of six months in one calendar year."

Insert the following after the words "sick leave" in lines 3 and 4 of paragraph 4 of the addition made to Exception (8) by Finance Department Order No. 2248, dated 30th July 1885 :

"lasting more than 60 days."

The 4th November, 1887.

No. 5945.

PAGE X.

Definitions.

Add the following definition :

Lien on an appointment.—"When an Officer is said to have a lien on an appointment it is meant that the right of such an Officer to resume on return to duty a substantive or an acting appointment on which he has a lien is subject to the same condition of conformity with the interest of the public service as the tenure of the appointment is."

SEPARATE REVENUE.

ASSESSED TAXES.

INCOME TAX.

The 2nd November, 1887.

No. 5842.—Under Section 38, Act II. of 1886, the Governor-General in Council has been pleased to make the following Rule :

Rule.

Sums paid by way of premium to the Madras Equitable Assurance Society shall be exempt from liability to the tax under Act II. of 1886 in the same manner as if they were paid to an Insurance Company in respect of an Insurance or deferred annuity described in Section 5, subsection (1), clause (g), of that Act.

E. T. ATKINSON,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 4th November, 1887.

FIELD OPERATIONS.

No. 864.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct the publication of the subjoined correspondence relating to the services of the troops in Lower Burma during the late campaign.

The Governor-General in Council cordially recognizes the good services and the arduous nature of the duties performed by the troops composing the British Burma Division, especially those employed in the disturbed districts on the old frontier line.

The names of several of the officers mentioned by Major-General Gordon have already been brought to notice by His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India, and have been recommended by the Government of India for the favorable consideration of Her Majesty's Government.

From the Secretary to the Government of Fort St. George, Military Department, to the Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department,—No. 4894, dated Ootacamund, the 11th August, 1887.

I am directed to forward, for submission to the Right Hon'ble the Governor-General in Council, a copy of a communication from the Adjutant-General as per margin, giving cover to a letter from Major-General B. L. Gordon, C.B., Commanding the Burma Division, in which that officer brings to notice the names of certain officers who, during the last eighteen months, have rendered valuable services in connection with the operations in Burma.

2. In transmitting the above, I am to say that the Government of Madras endorse the recommendation of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief that some of these officers may participate in the honors and rewards which may be granted for the Burma campaign.

From Brigadier-General M. C. Farrington, Adjutant-General, Madras Army, to Brigadier-General A. R. Kenney-Herbert, Secretary to Government, Military Department,—No. 1110-W. (Burma), dated Ootacamund, 22nd July, 1887.

I have the honor, by desire of the Commander-in-Chief, to forward, in duplicate, letter No. 71-C., dated 5th July, 1887, from the General Officer Commanding the Burma Division, bringing to the notice of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief the names of certain officers who, during the last eighteen months, have rendered valuable services in connection with the operations in Burma, and requesting that some of these officers may participate in any honors and rewards which may be granted for the late campaign.

2. In forwarding this letter, His Excellency has much satisfaction in recording his concurrence in Major-General Gordon's recommendation, which is now submitted for the favorable consideration and support of Government.

From Major-General B. L. Gordon, C.B., Commanding the Burma Division, to the Adjutant-General, Madras Army,—No. 71-C., dated Rangoon, the 5th July, 1887.

Military operations in Lower Burma having now apparently ceased, and the Burma Field

Force despatches having been published, I hope I may be allowed to bring to the favorable notice of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief the names of those officers who, during the last eighteen months, have done such service as I think merits special recognition; and I trust that His Excellency will be pleased to recommend at least some of them for a participation in any honors and rewards which may be granted for the late campaign.

2. Almost all have seen active service and been engaged with the rebels, and the few others I have named have done exceptionally good departmental work connected with the campaign.

3. The following officers commanded regiments and districts during the campaign; and to all I am much indebted for the assistance they have given me:

Colonel R. W. C. Winsloe, commanded the 2nd Battalion Royal Scots Fusiliers and the Thayetmyo District.

Colonel J. C. Minto, commanded the 16th (Lucknow) Regiment, Bengal Infantry, and the Tharawaddy District.

Colonel C. S. Sturt, commanded the 7th Bombay Infantry and the Irrawaddy District.

Colonel R. M. Lloyd, commanded the 1st Bombay Grenadiers and the Tounghoo District.

Colonel T. Graham, commanded the 9-1st Brigade, Northern Division, Royal Artillery, and the Thayetmyo District.

Colonel R. Upcher, commanded the 2nd Battalion, South Wales Borderers.

Colonel H. A. T. Nepean, commanded the 5th Madras Infantry.

Lieutenant-Colonel C. C. Hewetson, commanded the 26th Madras Infantry.

4. I would specially recommend to notice Colonel R. M. Lloyd, 1st Bombay Grenadiers, who did very good service against the Shan rebels in the Shwegyin District in December 1885 and January 1886, and who afterwards commanded at Tounghoo, when he gave me the most valuable assistance in forwarding troops and stores to Pynmana and Yemethen, and in keeping the Tounghoo frontier quiet.

5. Colonel Upcher, 2nd South Wales Borderers, commanded the three columns sent from Thayetmyo in December 1886, under Sir Frederick Roberts' orders, to scour the difficult country forty miles north of the old frontier line. He did his work so thoroughly and well, that there has been no great trouble since. He, I think, deserves special notice.

6. Major R. A. P. Clements, 2nd South Wales Borderers, deserves special mention for his gallantry and energy. He was wounded during the advance from Taindah to relieve Thabyabin, and suffered severely from the malarious fever peculiar to that district; but no sooner had he recovered than he took in hand the organizing of the Mounted Infantry, which has done such excellent service in settling the frontier district.

7. Captain C. F. S. Alban, 7th Bombay Infantry, has done most valuable work in hunting down the rebels near Yenana and Myothit, and deserves reward.

8. Captain W. Aldworth, 2nd Bedfordshire Regiment, formerly my acting Aide-de-Camp, deserves special notice for the dashing manner

in which he relieved Thabyabin. He started at two hours' notice, and rode 55 miles through a very disturbed country to Taindah, where he took command of the small body of men who relieved the beleagured garrison.

9. Lieutenant J. E. Vaughan, who had only just joined the 2nd Royal Scots Fusiliers, volunteered and accompanied Captain Aldworth; and I think his pluck deserves notice.

10. I strongly recommend for reward the following young officers, who have over and over again distinguished themselves when in command of small detachments in encounters with the enemy:

5th Madras Infantry.

Lieutenant W. B. Young.

Lieutenant E. Peach (wounded).

Lieutenant E. Y. Watson.

26th Madras Infantry.

Lieutenant W. H. Dobbie.

Lieutenant F. T. Williams.

11. I also recommend to special notice Captain H. F. Mercer, Royal Artillery, who acted as Staff Officer to Colonel Upcher during the advance of the columns from the Thayetmyo frontier, and who is strongly recommended by him; and Lieutenant G. W. C. Knatchbull, 1st Bombay Grenadiers, who did very good service near Gyobin; also Captain R. C. Toogood, 2nd Royal Scots Fusiliers, who did most excellent work against the Shan rebels in the Shwegyin District, and deserves special notice.

12. The following medical officers have been brought prominently to my notice for their admirable conduct on active service, and I beg to recommend them:

Surgeon P. J. Dempsey, Medical Staff.

Surgeon W. H. Burke, Indian Medical Department.

Surgeon F. W. C. Jones, Medical Staff.

13. Colonel E. S. Berkeley, Major W. Cooke, Captain S. C. F. Peile, and Lieutenant G. F. Watson, of the Commissariat Department, have been brought to notice by me before for their most valuable work; and I am glad to see them again mentioned in Major-General Sir George White's despatches.

There is another Commissariat Officer, Lieutenant W. H. D. Rich, whom I would most strongly recommend for reward. He has throughout the campaign been in charge of the Commissariat and Transport Departments at Thayetmyo; and in addition to his own very onerous duties, he has had a great deal to do with rationing some of the troops in Upper Burma. He is a most hard-working, deserving young officer, whose services will, I hope, be recognized.

14. Major J. E. Blundell, Hampshire Regiment, has for the last eighteen months had most onerous duties to perform as Assistant Adjutant-General of the division, and has earned my special thanks for the very satisfactory manner in which he has performed them. I strongly recommend him for reward.

15. The excellent work of Captain M. W. Saunders, Royal Artillery, as Assistant Quartermaster-General, I have already reported; and as His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India has very favorably noticed this officer, I need say no more.

16. Lieutenant J. R. P. Gordon, 15th Hussars, my Aide-de-Camp, has given me every assistance, and having been sent by Sir Frederick Roberts to Upper Burma on special duty, had an opportunity of doing some very good work with the Mounted Infantry.

17. To Deputy Surgeon-General J. M'N. Donnelly, C.B., Brigade-Surgeons T. Maunsell, Medical Staff, and B. T. Suffrein, Indian Medical Department, my special thanks are due for the admirable manner in which the general hospitals at Rangoon have been established and managed.

18. Captain J. D. Cunningham, 9-1st Brigade, Northern Division, Royal Artillery, deserves special notice for the excellent work he did at and around Monakone, where his untiring energy kept that troublesome district in order.

19. I beg to recommend the following native officers for forward as a recognition of the extremely good service they have done:

5th Madras Infantry.

Jemadar Syed Hussain,—promoted for gallantry in action at Ohni, near Pegu, on 19th December, 1885.

Jemadar Gholam Hyder,—promoted for gallantry in action at Shwegyin, on 11th January, 1886.

26th Madras Infantry.

Subadar-Major Sheikh Imaum.

Subadar Mahomed Yacob.

Subadar Ungamootoo.

Subadar Imaum Khan.

Jemadar Sheikh Modeen.

Jemadar Yagappen.

1st Bombay Grenadiers.

Subadar Bhisaji Arolkar.

Subadar Sanbhaji Baidar.

Jemadar Ramya.

Jemadar Santu Sing.

7th Bombay Infantry.

Subadar Sheikh Ismail.

Subadar Ram Chandar.

Jemadar Jhanda Sing.

Also Havildar Ghassita Sing, 7th Bombay Infantry, recommended for the Order of Merit for gallantry in action.

20. There are many others who have done most excellent work, but I have only brought to notice the few who, by special qualifications or by luck, have had the opportunity of distinguishing themselves; and I hope my recommendations may meet with the approval and support of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 865.—PERSONAL STAFF—

The following appointment has been made on the personal staff of Major-General Sir G. R. Greaves, K.C.B., K.C.M.G., Commanding the Meerut Division:

Captain C. V. B. Kuper, R. A., to be Aide-de-Camp, *vice* Captain A. Eardley-Wilmot, R. A., resigned. Dated 28th October, 1887.

No. 866.—QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT—

Intelligence Branch.

Major F. H. R. Drummond, Bengal S. C., Squadron Officer, 11th Bengal Lancers, to officiate

as Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General, *vice* Captain E. G. Barrow, Bengal S. C., appointed officiating Assistant Secretary, Military Department. Dated 17th October, 1887.

No. 867.—STAFF CORPS—

Lieutenant Charles Edmond Ross, Cheshire Regiment, Wing Officer, 16th Bengal Infantry, having completed eighteen months' probationary service, is admitted to the Bengal Staff Corps from the 10th March, 1886, subject to the confirmation of the Secretary of State for India.

No. 868.—The undermentioned officers, appointed by the Secretary of State for India probationers for the Indian Staff Corps, are posted as follows, with effect from the dates of their arrival in India:

Bengal Staff Corps.

Lieutenant C. L. Shubrick, Royal Marine Light Infantry.

Lieutenant B. L. Hubbard, Royal Marine Light Infantry.

Lieutenant C. A. Locke, Royal Marine Light Infantry.

Madras Staff Corps.

Lieutenant E. F. Venables, Royal West Kent Regiment.

Lieutenant P. J. Miles, Royal Marine Light Infantry.

Bombay Staff Corps.

Lieutenant J. C. Keown, Royal Marine Light Infantry.

Lieutenant J. F. Whyte, Royal Marine Light Infantry.

No. 869.—VOLUNTEER CORPS—

Dacca Volunteer Rifle Corps.

Mr. Edward William Payne to be Captain-Commandant, *vice* Captain F. Wyer, who has resigned that appointment.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 870.—The undermentioned Warrant Officer is granted furlough out of India, with the necessary subsidiary leave:

Sub-Conductor T. R. Mundy, Office of the Quartermaster-General in India, (m. c.) for one year, under rule VI of the Regulations of 1875.

No. 871.—The undermentioned officers are granted leave out of India under the leave rules for the Staff Corps, with effect from the dates on which they are respectively struck off duty:

Captain J. F. Worlledge, Bengal S. C., 36th Bengal Infantry, (p. a.) for one year. Pension service,—14th year, commenced 25th February, 1887.

Lieutenant A. A. E. Campbell, Bengal S. C., 25th Bengal Infantry, (p. a.) for one year. Pension service,—6th year, commenced 10th May, 1887.

Lieutenant C. E. Hodgson, Bengal S. C., 1st Bengal Cavalry, (p. a.) for one year. Pension service,—6th year, commenced 9th September, 1887.

No. 872.—The undermentioned officers have been granted extensions of furlough by the Secretary of State for India :

Colonel R. F. C. A. Tytler, General List, Infantry, (m. c.) for four months.
Lieutenant-Colonel B. G. Vyvyan, General List, Infantry, (p. a.) till 30th December, 1887.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 873.—The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval :

BENGAL ARMY.

To be Colonel.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Colonel in the Army Montague Millett, Bengal Infantry,—31st October, 1887.

To be Colonel in the Army.

Lieutenant-Colonel George Elphinstone Erskine, Bombay Cavalry,—4th November, 1887.

NATIVE ARMY.

Bengal Sappers and Miners.

No. 874.—Havildar Fáiz-ullah Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Jemadar Sheikh Bhággú, invalided,—with effect from the 1st May, 1887.

22nd Bengal Infantry.

No. 875.—Havildar Lábh Sing' to be Jemadar, *vice* Jemadar Jhanda Singh, deceased,—with effect from the 3rd October, 1887.

28th Bengal Infantry.

No. 876.—Jemadar Hámid Yár Khan to be Subadar, *vice* Subadar Rúrái Khan, invalided,—with effect from the 1st May, 1887.

2nd Battalion, 3rd Goorkha Regiment.

No. 877.—Subadar Bhopál Thápa, from the 1st Battalion, 4th Goorkha Regiment, to be Subadar-Major,—with effect from the 1st August, 1887.

No. 878.—PUNJAB FRONTIER FORCE—

4th Sikh Infantry.

Jemadar Khazán Singh to be Subadar, and Havildar Lehna Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Subadar Baisákha Singh, invalided,—with effect from the 24th September, 1887.

5th Punjab Infantry.

No. 879.—Havildar Feroz to be Jemadar, *vice* Jemadar Abdul Rahmán, invalided,—with effect from the 3rd October, 1887.

No. 880.—SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT—

Temporary Second Grade Apothecary Michael Murphy is confirmed from 11th September, 1887, *vice* First Grade Apothecary E. L'Estrange, deceased.

Temporary Second Grade Assistant Apothecary Robert James Owen is confirmed from 11th September, 1887, *vice* temporary Second Grade Apothecary Murphy, confirmed.

RETIREMENTS.

No. 881.—Colonel Clement James Griffiths, Bengal S. C., is permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the 1st November, 1887, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

REWARDS.

No. 882.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction the following promotion, under the provisions of clause 48, India Army Circulars, 1884, for services with the Burma Expeditionary Force :

Military Works Department.

Company-Sergeant-Major Peter Hay, R.E., to be Sub-Conductor (Bengal).

MILITARY WORKS DEPARTMENT.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 883.—Major J. E. Broadbent, R.E., Assistant Secretary, Military Department, is promoted to the rank of Supernumerary Superintending Engineer, Class III, temporary rank, from the 23rd August, 1887.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 53.—Mr. Arthur Leslie Beaumont is appointed a 3rd Grade Officer in Her Majesty's Indian Marine, with effect from the 11th October, 1887.

E. H. H. COLLEN, *Lieut.-Colonel,*

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 28th October, 1887.

No. 337.—The services of Mr. H. W. Clift, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, State Railways, on his return from furlough are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces.

The 29th October, 1887.

No. 338.—Mr. C. C. Harold, Examiner of Accounts, 4th Class, 1st Grade, is promoted to Examiner, 3rd Class, *temporary rank*, with effect from the 10th May, 1887.

The 31st October, 1887.

No. 339.—The services of Mr. W. H. Parker, Superintending Engineer, 1st Class, State Railways, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Foreign Department.

The 1st November, 1887.

No. 340.—Captain G. F. Wilson, R.E., Assistant to the Director-General of Railways, is placed in charge of that portion of the Office of the Accountant-General, Public Works Department, which will remain at Simla.

No. 341.—The services of Mr. E. T. Faulkner, Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, *temporary rank*, State Railways, are placed at the disposal of the Bengal-Nagpur Railway Company.

No. 342.—The services of Mr. J. M. A. Despeissis, Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, State Railways, are placed at the disposal of the Agent and Chief Engineer, Bengal-Nagpur Railway Company.

No. 343.—Mr. E. W. Arundell, Deputy Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Railways, Central Division, officiated as Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Railways, Central Division, from 19th July to 26th September, 1887, inclusive.

The 2nd November, 1887.

No. 344.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to order the following promotions and reversions of Executive and Assistant Engineers, attached to the several Local Administrations, with effect from the dates specified :

Names.	From	To	With effect from	Nature of promotion.
Raven, P. E.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade	1st January, 1887	Permanent.
Sham Nath	Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade	1st January, 1887	Permanent.
Clancey, D. J.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade	1st January, 1887	Permanent.
McLeod, C. F.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade	1st January, 1887	Permanent.
Gramatzki, E. L.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Executive Engineer, 1st Grade.	20th January, 1887	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>
McLaughlin, F. J.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	20th January, 1887	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>
Watts, G. K.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	20th January, 1887	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>
Rees, J. C.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	20th January, 1887	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>
Penny, E.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	20th January, 1887	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>
Smart, O. G.	Executive Engineer, 4th Grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	20th January, 1887	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>
Scobie, M. J.	Executive Engineer, 4th Grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	20th January, 1887	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>
White, G. G.	Executive Engineer, 4th Grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	20th January, 1887	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>
Leventhorpe, J. B.	Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, <i>temporary rank.</i>	Executive Engineer, 4th Grade.	20th January, 1887	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>
Leefe, C. O.	Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, <i>temporary rank.</i>	Executive Engineer, 4th Grade.	20th January, 1887	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>
Leventhorpe, A.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade	Executive Engineer, 4th Grade.	4th February, 1887	Temporary.
Bolinarayan Borrah	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade	Executive Engineer, 4th Grade.	17th March, 1887	Temporary.
Gilbert, C. F.	Executive Engineer, 4th Grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	29th April, 1887	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>
Smith, F. St. G. M.	Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, <i>temporary rank.</i>	Executive Engineer, 4th Grade.	29th April, 1887	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>
Penny, E.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	16th May, 1887	
Gilbert, C. F.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 4th Grade.	16th May, 1887	
Smith, F. St. G. M.	Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, <i>temporary rank.</i>	16th May, 1887	
Palmer, C. S. R.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade	Executive Engineer, 4th Grade.	23rd May, 1887	Temporary.
Gael, C. E.	Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 1st Grade.	3rd June, 1887	Permanent.
Fox, Major H. C., R.E.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Executive Engineer, 1st Grade.	3rd June, 1887	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>
Rees, J. C.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	12th June, 1887	
White, G. G.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 4th Grade.	12th June, 1887	
Leefe, C. O.	Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, <i>temporary rank.</i>	12th June, 1887	
Bolinarayan Borrah	Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, <i>temporary rank.</i>	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.	12th June, 1887	
Laugharne, Captain M., R.E.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	12th June, 1887	Permanent.
Rees, J. C.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	12th June, 1887	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>
Sharp, F.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	12th June, 1887	Permanent.
White, G. G.	Executive Engineer, 4th Grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	12th June, 1887	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>
Penny, E.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	22nd June, 1887	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>
Knapp, C. C. B.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	22nd June, 1887	Permanent.
Mitchell, E. J.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.	22nd June, 1887	Permanent.
Sweet, W. McM.	Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, <i>temporary rank.</i>	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.	16th August, 1887	
Henderson, J. P.	Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, <i>temporary rank.</i>	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.	18th August, 1887	
Bolinarayan Borrah	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade	Executive Engineer, 4th Grade.	19th August, 1887	Temporary.
Sweet, W. McM.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade	Executive Engineer, 4th Grade.	7th September, 1887	Temporary.
Gramatzki, E. L.	Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 1st Grade.	8th September, 1887	Permanent.
Ewing, R.	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.	8th September, 1887	Permanent.
Gilbert, W. R.	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.	8th September, 1887	Permanent.
Housden, C. E.	Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 4th Grade.	8th September, 1887	Permanent.

No. 345.—Mr. G. W. Sweet, Deputy Examiner of Accounts, attached to the Office of the Examiner of Accounts, North-Western Railway, is transferred to that of the Examiner of Accounts, Military Works.

The 3rd November, 1887.

No. 346.—Captain E. A. Waller, R.E., Examiner of Accounts, has been granted by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India furlough for twelve months, in extension of the furlough granted to him in Public Works Department Notification No. 295, dated the 1st November, 1886.

The 4th November, 1887.

No. 347.—Mr. M. Leslie, Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, Central Provinces, held charge of the current duties of the Office of the Chief Engineer and Secretary to Chief Commissioner, Public Works Department, Central Provinces, from the 16th September to 8th October, 1887.

No. 348.—Mr. G. F. Mathew, C.I.E., Class I., Grade 3, Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, Traffic Department, is granted extraordinary leave for six months, under Section 134 of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of the extraordinary leave for twelve months granted in Public Works Department Notification No. 239, dated 21st September, 1886.

No. 349.—The services of the undermentioned officers are temporarily placed at the disposal of the Military Department for employment in the Military Works Department, with effect from the dates specified :

Name.	Rank.	Province to which attached.	Date.
Cole, Major H. H., R.E.	Executive Engineer, 1st Grade	Central India	10th September, 1887.
Houston, Lieutenant E., R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade	Hyderabad	20th September, 1887.
Cowie, Lieutenant C. H., R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade	State Railways	23rd September, 1887.
Capper, Lieutenant J. E., R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade	Central Provinces	5th October, 1887.
Hilliard, Lieutenant W. R., R.E.	Deputy Examiner, 2nd Grade	Punjab	5th August, 1887.

R. C. B. PEMBERTON, *Colonel, R.E.,*

Secretary to the Government of India.



The Gazette of India.

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No. 46. } CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1887.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART II.—Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, Administrator General, Paper Currency Department, Presidency Pay Master, Money Order Department, Mint Master, Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Bengal, Superintendent of Government Printing, and other Government Officers; Postal, Telegraph, and Commissariat Notices.

PART III.—Advertisements and Notices by private individuals and Corporations.

Nothing for Publication.

PART IV.—Acts of the Governor-General's Council assented to by the Governor-General:—

Nothing for Publication.

PART V.—Bills introduced into the Council of His Excellency the Governor-General for making Laws and Regulations, or published under Rule 22 or Rule 25:—

Nothing for Publication.

PART VI.—Abstract of the Proceedings of the Council of the Governor-General of India, assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations:—

Nothing for Publication.

SUPPLEMENT No. 46.

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

PUBLIC.

Simla, the 31st October, 1887.

No. 2504.—Under the provisions of Section 9 of the Statute 24 and 25 Vic., cap. 67, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that His Excellency's Council shall assemble at Calcutta in the jurisdiction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Calcutta, the 10th November, 1887.

No. 448.—Mr. H. A. Cockerell, C.S.I., is permitted to resign Her Majesty's Bengal Civil Service, with effect from the 24th August, 1887.

A. P. MACDONNELL,

Secretary to the Government of India.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF ASSAM.

NOTIFICATION.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT, ASSAM SECRETARIAT.

Shillong, the 28th October, 1887.

No. 109.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 5 of Act XIV of 1874 (the Scheduled

Districts Act) the Chief Commissioner of Assam is pleased, with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, to extend Act III (B.C.) of 1884 (the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884) to the towns of Sylhet, Gauhati, and Dibrugarh. The area within which the said Act will be in force is that of the Municipality at present constituted at each of these places under Act V (B.C.) of 1876.

C. J. LYALL,

Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Assam.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF BURMA.

NOTIFICATION.

Rangoon, the 12th November, 1887.

No. 11.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 5 of the Scheduled Districts Act, 1874, the Chief Commissioner of Burma is pleased, with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, to extend the Upper Burma Village Regulation, 1887, with effect from the date of this Notification, to the territory transferred to Lower Burma by Notifications Nos. 109 and 341, dated respectively the 24th February and 13th August, 1887.

H. T. J. WHITE,

Secretary to the Chief Commissioner.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Calcutta, the 11th November, 1887.

No. 6017.—Mr. R. A. Sterndale, Assistant Accountant General, Bombay, having returned from privilege leave, resumed charge of his duties from Mr. G. H. R. Hart, on the afternoon of the 1st November, 1887.

Mr. G. H. R. Hart having been granted furlough out of India for one year, with subsidiary leave, availed himself thereof on the afternoon of the same date.

No. 6018.—Mr. W. Bedford, Chief Superintendent in the Office of the Accountant General, Bombay, having returned from privilege leave, resumed charge of his duties on the forenoon of the 2nd November, 1887.

PAPER CURRENCY.

The 11th November, 1887.

No. 6023.—*Abstract of the Accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 31st October, 1887, published as required by Section 27 of the Indian Paper Currency Act, XX of 1882.*

CIRCLES OF ISSUE.	Whole amount of Notes in Circulation.	RESERVE IN SILVER COIN AND BULLION.		
		Coin.	Bullion.	TOTAL.
	₹	₹	₹	₹
Calcutta	6,26,48,440	2,54,77,207	39,13,553	2,93,90,760
Allahabad	1,02,40,770	1,13,40,750	...	1,13,40,750
Lahore	1,03,55,755	1,28,78,095	...	1,28,78,095
Bombay	6,15,23,455	2,85,59,786	74,64,959	3,60,24,745
Kurrachee	50,84,545	65,44,940	33,000	65,77,940
Madras	1,76,08,635	53,33,895	80,000	54,13,895
Calicut	10,21,535	4,95,075	...	4,95,075
Rangoon	87,15,395	1,56,86,020	...	1,56,86,020
TOTAL	17,78,04,530	10,63,21,768	1,14,91,512	11,78,13,280
Price paid for Government Securities of the nominal value of Rs. 25,21,700 held under Section 19 of the Act				5,99,91,250
GRAND TOTAL				17,78,04,530

E. T. ATKINSON,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Fort William, the 11th November, 1887.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 884.—MILITARY SECRETARIAT—

The following appointment is made in the Military Department of the Government of India:—

Lieutenant-Colonel E. H. H. Collen, Bengal S. C., Accountant-General, Military Department, and Officiating Secretary, to be Secretary, *vice* Major-General O. R. Newmarch, who has retired. Dated 1st November, 1887.

No. 885.—MILITARY SECRETARIAT, ACCOUNTS BRANCH—

Lieutenant-Colonel H. G. Pritchard, Madras S. C., Controller of Military Accounts, Bombay, and Officiating Accountant-General, to be Accountant-General, Military Department, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel Collen, who has been appointed Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department. Dated 1st November, 1887.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 886.—The undermentioned officers are granted furlough out of India, with the necessary subsidiary leave:—

Lieutenant W. A. Cuppage, Bengal S. C., Wing Officer and Quartermaster, 5th Bengal Infantry, (m.c.) for one year, under rule I of the regulations of 1875.

Conductor F. G. Gill, Ordnance Department, Bengal Circle, (m.c.) for one year, under rule I of the regulations of 1875.

Sub-Conductor H. McLeod, Ordnance Department, Bengal Circle, (m.c.) for one year, under rule VI of the regulations of 1875.

Sub-Conductor J. Land, Ordnance Department, Bengal Circle, (m.c.) for one year, under rule VI of the regulations of 1875.

Sub-Conductor T. Fisher, Military Works Department, (m.c.) for one year, under rule VI of the regulations of 1875.

No. 887.—The undermentioned officers are granted leave out of India under the leave rules for the Staff Corps, with effect from the dates on which they are respectively struck off duty:—

Major A. C. G. Lydiard, Bengal S. C., 31st Bengal Infantry, (p.a.) for one year. Pension Service,—22nd year, commenced 3rd April, 1887.

Lieutenant-Colonel F. W. Major, Bombay S. C., Military Accounts Department, (m.c.) for one year. Pension Service,—31st year, commenced 5th June, 1887.

Lieutenant E. J. Medley, Bengal S. C., 17th Bengal Cavalry, (m.c.) for one year. Pension Service,—10th year, commenced 11th May, 1887.

Lieutenant E. B. Burton, Bengal S. C., 17th Bengal Cavalry, (m.c.) for one year. Pension Service,—9th year, commenced 13th August, 1887.

No. 888.—The undermentioned officers have been granted extensions of furlough by the Secretary of State for India:—

Lieutenant-Colonel A. Landon, General List, Infantry, (m.c.) for 92 days.

Major J. Davidson, Bengal S. C., (m.c.) for six months.

Major J. R. Burlton-Bennet, Bengal S. C., (p.a.) for four months.

Lieutenant C. E. Norton, R.E., (m.c.) for two months.

Surgeon J. T. W. Leslie, (m.c.) for two months.

No. 889.—Colonel R. D. Campbell, Bengal S. C., is granted leave out of India under the leave rules for the Staff Corps, (p.a.) from the 1st December, 1887, to the 15th June, 1888. Pension Service,—38th year, commenced 1st May, 1887.

No. 890.—Colonel F. Knowles, Bengal S. C., is granted leave out of India under the leave rules for the Staff Corps, (p.a.) from the 20th October, 1887, to the 14th August, 1888. Pension Service,—1st year, commenced 13th August, 1887. This cancels G. G. O. No. 528 of 1887.

No. 891.—Colonel T. J. Watson, Bengal S. C., is permitted to reside out of India under paragraph (a), clause 37, India Army Circulars, 1887, with effect from the 2nd December, 1887.

No. 892.—Deputy Surgeon-General W. Walker, M.D., is permitted to reside in India, with effect from the 24th October, 1887, under Article 253, Army Regulations, India, Vol. I, Part I.

No. 893.—Conductor R. Jackson, Sub-Engineer, 3rd grade, Public Works Department, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, is granted furlough in India, (p.a.) for one year, under rule I of the regulations of 1875, with effect from the 1st August, 1887. This cancels the furlough granted to him in G. G. O. No. 801 of 1887.

No. 894.—First Grade Assistant Apothecary W. Heathcock, Assistant Civil Surgeon, Naini Tal, is granted leave in India, (m.c.) for 90 days, under rule X of the regulations of 1875, with effect from the 26th July, 1887.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 895.—The following extracts are published for general information:—

"London Gazette," dated the 7th October, 1887, page 5435.

Chancery of the Order of Saint Michael and Saint George,

Downing Street, October 6, 1887.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to give directions for the following appointments to the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George:

To be Ordinary Members of the Third Class, or Companions of the said Most Distinguished Order:—

Captain Arthur Frederick Barrow, Bengal Staff Corps; and

Captain Albert Frederick de Laessöe, C.I.E., in recognition of their services in respect to the settlement of the Afghan frontier.

"London Gazette," dated the 11th October, 1887, page 5490.

*War Office, Pall Mall,
11th October, 1887.*

INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

The undermentioned Officers of the Bengal Staff Corps have been transferred to the Unemployed Supernumerary List, from the dates specified:—

Colonel Henry Coape-Smith. Dated 24th September, 1887.

Colonel Alfred Worsley Montagu. Dated 25th September, 1887.

Colonel David Simson Buist. Dated 28th September, 1887.

INDIAN LOCAL SERVICE.

Lieutenant-General Edward Samuel Jackson, Bengal Infantry, has been transferred to the Unemployed Supernumerary List. Dated 20th September, 1887.

Major-General William Butler Butler-Shawe, Bengal Infantry, to be Lieutenant-General. Dated 20th September, 1887.

Major-General Horace Albert Browne, Bengal Infantry, to be Lieutenant-General on the Unemployed Supernumerary List. Dated 20th September, 1887.

PENSIONS.

No. 896.—Honorary Captain George Mortimer, Military Works Department, has been transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 20th September, 1887.

No. 897.—The undermentioned Warrant Officers are transferred to the pension establishment:—

Conductor Thomas Christie Bradley, Public Works Department,—18th December, 1887.

Sub-Conductor Philip Lavelle Leyden, Commissariat Department.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 898.—The following promotion is made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

BENGAL STAFF CORPS.

To be Major.

Captain Arthur James Brander,—6th November, 1887.

No. 899.—NATIVE ARMY—

18th Bengal Infantry.

Jemadar Jitman to be Subadar and Havildar Sidhu Upadhia to be Jemadar, *vice* Subadar Ranjit Thapa, invalided, with effect from the 1st August, 1887.

A. C. TOKER, Colonel,

for Secretary to the Government of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 11th November, 1887.

Under Clause 26 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act of 1863 it is notified that report of the death of the undermentioned Commissioned Officer, on the date specified,

was received in the Military Department between the 22nd October and the 11th November, 1887.

Corps.	Rank and Name.	Date of Decease.	Place of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	REMARKS.
2nd Battalion (The Prince of Wales's Own) West Yorkshire Regiment.	Captain J. H. Burke.	24th October, 1887.	Rajanpur.	-	

A. C. TOKER, *Colonel,*
for Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 5th November, 1887.

No. 350.—The services of Colonel W. Jeffreys, R.E., Chief Engineer, 3rd class, *temporary rank*, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the 9th November, 1887.

No. 351.—The following reversions are ordered, with effect from the 24th September, 1887:—

Colonel D. Ward, R.E., from Chief Engineer, 1st class, *temporary rank*, to Chief Engineer, 2nd class.

Colonel J. P. Steel, R.E., from Chief Engineer, 2nd class, *temporary rank*, to Chief Engineer, 3rd class, *temporary rank*.

Mr. F. J. Johnstone, from Chief Engineer, 3rd class, *temporary rank*, to Superintending Engineer, 1st class, *temporary rank*.

Colonel B. Lovett, R.E., Superintending Engineer, 1st class, *temporary rank*, to Superintending Engineer, 2nd class.

Major W. G. Nicholson, R.E., Superintending Engineer, 2nd class, *temporary rank*, to Superintending Engineer, 3rd class.

No. 352.—The services of Colonel A. M. Lang, R.E., Chief Engineer, 1st class, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the 16th November, 1887.

Fort William, the 5th November, 1887.

No. 353.—Colonel D. Ward, R.E., Chief Engineer and Joint Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces, in the Public Works Department, is appointed Chief Engineer and Secretary to the Government, Public Works Department, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, *vice* Colonel A. M. Lang, R.E., whose services have been replaced at disposal of the Military Department.

Colonel J. P. Steel, R.E., Officiating Chief Engineer and Secretary to Government, Punjab, Public Works Department, is appointed to officiate as Chief Engineer and Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces, in the Public Works Department.

The 10th November, 1887.

No. 354.—Mr. E. Lund, Deputy Examiner of Accounts, State Railway Stores, attached to the Office of the Director-General of Railways, is transferred to the Office of the Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Bombay.

Mr. R. C. F. Volkers, Deputy Examiner, attached to the Office of the Examiner of Accounts, North-Western Railway, is appointed to the Office of the Director-General of Railways as Deputy Examiner of Accounts, State Railway Stores.

R. C. B. PEMBERTON, *Colonel, R.E.,*
Secretary to the Government of India.